

Stocks firm, steels and specialties leading advance. Bonds steady. Cotton quiet. Wheat lower.

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ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1936—20 PAGES.

DEATH SENTENCE FOR 'DICTATOR' OF WRANGLER ISLAND

K. B. Semenchuk and Aid, S. P. Startseff, Condemned to Be Shot for Causing Reign of Terror.

TRIED FOR MURDER AND TERRORISM

Administrator of Soviet Station Accused in Testimony of Denying Eskimos Food.

By the Associated Press.

MOSCOW, May 23.—The "Tyrant of Wrangel Island," H. B. Semenchuk, was sentenced to death tonight for perpetrating a reign of terror at the Soviet station in the Far North.

Semenchuk was accused of causing four mystic deaths while he was administrator at Wrangel Island.

His co-defendant, S. P. Startseff, also was sentenced to death. The death sentence is carried out by shooting.

Semenchuk was charged, among other things, with killing Dr. W. R. Wulson, member of a scientific expedition that visited the island during the winter of 1934-35. Startseff was charged with complicity in the murder.

Attorney-General Vyshinsky, however, passed over the murder charge as secondary and devoted the majority of his closing argument to an attempt to prove the "banditry" allegation arising from contentions that Semenchuk caused a reign of terror and famine during his term.

Anti-Government Acts. Semenchuk, the prosecutor declared, was primarily guilty of "anti-government activities with deliberate intention of destroying Soviet authority and prestige on the island."

Vyshinsky accused Semenchuk of trying to trample on the flag after his predecessors proved to the satisfaction of the Eskimos on the island that the Bolsheviks were not the sort of white men they knew before.

"We are not colonizers and mercenary traders," he asserted, "but bearers of a new policy which breaks down the barriers which have existed between the whites and small oppressed nationalities of the north."

Deaths on the island, Vyshinsky said, were due exclusively to Semenchuk's "cruel, merciless attitude toward the natives" whom he desired food, according to the testimony.

Telegram From Eskimos. The prosecutor read a telegram he said came from Wrangel Island Eskimos requesting the court to show no mercy to Semenchuk.

Semenchuk covered his face with his hands and sobbed when the Attorney-General asked for the death penalty. Startseff listened stolidly.

Supreme Court Justice G. Berman, his two assistants, the Arctic explorer Babushkin and a woman representative of the Union of Government Employees rendered the verdict.

CATHOLIC CHURCH PUTS BAR ON NAZIS IN NETHERLANDS

Pastoral Letter Says Members Who Support Movement Will Be Denied Sacrament.

By the Associated Press.

AMSTERDAM, Netherlands, May 23.—In an effort to halt the Nazi movement in this country, the heads of the Roman Catholic church will notify church members tomorrow that Catholics who support the movement will be barred from the sacrament.

A pastoral letter, signed by the Archbishop of Utrecht and four Bishops, is to be read in all churches and chapels, says:

"We remain convinced that the church and our country will be grievously damaged and the fulfilling of the task of bringing grace will be rendered impossible when the Nazi movement gets the upper hand."

"Therefore, we, the shepherds of your souls, in full knowledge of our responsibility, declare that those who materially support this movement will be banned from the sacraments."

The letter, which was signed by the Bishops of Breda, Roermond, Haarlem, and 'S Hertogenbosch in addition to the archbishop, is concluded with:

"The obedience shown so far in difficult circumstances by the faithful gives us certainty the word of the Bishops will be heard now also."

Pope Pius Leaves Vatican To Open Rome Building

Avoids Crowded Section to Reach Site of Largest Structure Ever Built in Capital by Head of Church.

By the Associated Press.

ROME, May 23.—Pope Pius left the Vatican today and opened the church's new central government building in the Trastevere quarter of Rome. He seemed in excellent spirit as he visited and blessed the largest building ever erected by a Pope. It has 500 rooms.

The Pope's visit was brief and strictly private. Only members of the Cardinals' staff were permitted inside the building. Even his sister, Donna Camilla, and his niece, were not allowed to enter.

Dressed in a white cassock, mantle and shovel hat, the Pope left the Vatican in the second of three mo-

tor cars. The others carried members of the papal court, the Governor of Vatican City, Commendatore Camillo Serafini, the head of the Vatican Sanitary Department, Dr. Amintore Milani, and Mgr. Arboire Di Santi Elia, papal majordomo.

The automobile drove along the Tiber, thus choosing a semi-circular route that avoided the crowded center of town. Many persons recognized the Pope and raised their hats. Women waved handkerchiefs.

On arriving at the government building, known as the Palace of the Congregations, the Pope was welcomed by a group of Cardinals and heads of the congregations, or Vatican committees.

COTTON CROPPERS ASK WASHINGTON FOR AID

Plead for Mediation and Inquiry Into Terrorism in Arkansas Strike.

By the Associated Press.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 23.—Striking field workers, charging terrorism in the East Arkansas cotton country, appealed to the Federal Government yesterday to intervene in their behalf.

Telegrams were sent to Attorney-General Cummings asking for a Department of Justice investigation and to Secretary of Labor Perkins requesting mediation.

President William Green of the American Federation of Labor was asked to make an independent inquiry.

H. L. Mitchell, secretary of the Southern Tenant Farmers' Union, says 3000 cotton field workers are on strike. Ed L. McKinney, Arkansas Labor Commissioner, said planters declined his department's offer of mediation.

The strikers, heretofore paid \$1 a day, are asking for \$1.50.

Completing a tour of the strike area, Dr. Sherwood Eddy, author and lecturer, charged Negro strikers were held in a newly-constructed stockade near Warley, Ark. Sheriff Howard Curdin said there was no stockade, and "no Negro strikers are being held."

Norman Thomas Also Asks Cummings to Investigate.

CLEVELAND, O., May 23.—Norman Thomas, Socialist leader, appealed last night to Attorney-General Cummings for an investigation of "serious conditions" in East Arkansas.

THUNDERSHOWERS LIKELY TONIGHT, TOMORROW; COOLER

THE TEMPERATURES.
1 a. m. 71 9 a. m. 78
2 a. m. 70 10 a. m. 79
3 a. m. 69 11 a. m. 80
4 a. m. 68 12 noon 81
5 a. m. 67 1 p. m. 82
6 a. m. 66 2 p. m. 83
7 a. m. 65 3 p. m. 84
8 a. m. 64 4 p. m. 85
Yesterday's high, 87 (3 p. m.); low, 65 (6 a. m.).
Relative humidity at noon today, 46 per cent.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Mostly cloudy tonight and tomorrow, probably thunder showers; cooler tomorrow.

Missouri: Mostly cloudy, thunder showers probable in east and south portions tonight and tomorrow, and in northwest portion this afternoon or early tonight; cooler tomorrow, and in northwest portion tonight.

Illinois: Increasing cloudiness in extreme south portion, thunder showers in central and north portions, cooler in extreme northwest portion tonight; tomorrow local thunder showers; cooler.

Sunset 7:13. Sunrise (tomorrow) 4:41.

Next Week's Weather Forecast.
CHICAGO, May 23.—Next week's weather outlook—For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Mississippi valleys: Generally fair Monday and Tuesday, local showers Wednesday and Thursday and south portion Friday, fair Saturday; temperature mostly near or above normal extreme south and north portions first of week, above normal middle, and cooler at close.

5.14-Inch Rain at Sioux Falls, S. D.
SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 23.—Washed out highways and railroad tracks, flooded basements and damaged streets today told the story of a terrific storm during which 5.14 inches of rain fell in an hour. Rainfall here in the past 24 hours totaled 5.14 inches.

'UNCLE TICK TOCK' DIES UNDER HEADSMAN'S AX

Old Hobo Confesses Murdering Children Before Going to Block in Germany.

By the Associated Press.

SCHWERIN, Germany, May 23.—Adolf Seefeld, an old hobo watch repairer, hauled by children in Southern Germany as "Uncle Tick Tock," was beheaded today for the murder of 12 boys. Before he went to the block, he confessed the killings and showed how he administered poison to his victims.

In addition to the 12 victims for which he received 12 sentences of death and an order for emasculation, Seefeld admitted he killed "numerous others."

"Uncle Tick Tock," convicted last February, left the bodies of his victims in the woods. Expert toxicologists who examined the bodies were unable to say whether Seefeld had poisoned or strangled them.

Before pronouncing sentence, the judge declared he was convinced Seefeld had murdered at least 30 children and caused the moral degeneracy of at least 100 more.

The diary of the hobo showed a careful list of dates and places he visited. These entries corresponded with the finding of the children's bodies. Numerous witnesses testified "Uncle Tick Tock" had been seen with the boys before they disappeared, to be found dead later in the woods.

LEAGUE FIGURES ON EFFECT OF SANCTIONS AGAINST ITALY

Statement Shows Drop of Exports in Month From \$131,200,000 to \$6,200,000.

By the Associated Press.

GENEVA, May 23.—The extent to which Italy's export trade has been hurt by League of Nations' sanctions is shown in the March trade figures issued today by the League.

The League statement shows exports from Italy to 28 countries fell from \$131,200,000, gold, in March, 1935, to \$6,200,000, gold, in March, 1936.

Among the 28 countries are the non-sanctioned nations of Germany, Albania, Austria and Hungary.

The League statement said that, according to Italian statistics, the 28 countries concerned accounted in 1935-36 for 62 per cent of Italy's imports and 65 per cent of Italy's exports.

NEW RECORD FOR HINDENBURG ON U. S.-GERMANY FLIGHT

Zeppelin Reaches Frankfurt-on-Main 48 Hours, 7 Minutes After Take-Off.

By the Associated Press.

FRANKFURT-ON-MAIN, Germany, May 23.—The Zeppelin Hindenburg landed today at 4:12 a. m. completing its second roundtrip between Germany and the United States. The dirigible appeared over the airport at 3:10 a. m. and hovered until daylight made it easier to land.

The Hindenburg left Lakehurst, N. J., on its return trip to Germany at 10:05 p. m., Wednesday, and took 48 hours, 7 minutes to complete the trip.

It cut 20 1/2 minutes from the time of its first eastward journey, and established another new mark for the crossing. The previous record from the United States to Germany was made by the Graf Zeppelin in August, 1929, when it traveled from Lakehurst to Friedrichshafen in 54 hours.

Mrs. Lehr's Wedding Postponed.

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, May 23.—The wedding of Mrs. Henry Sykes Lehr, widow of the former New York social arbiter, and Lord Decies, Irish nobleman, was postponed today until Monday. The reason was not announced.

SOCIALISTS OPEN CONVENTION WITH JABS AT NEW DEAL

Norman Thomas, Mayor Hoan and Leo Krzycki Call on Labor Not to Vote for Roosevelt.

'JUST PATCHING UP CAPITALISM'

So Says Milwaukee Executive—Keynoters Against Forming Unified Third Party at Present.

By the Associated Press.

CLEVELAND, O., May 23.—The 1936 national convention of the Socialist party opened today with keynote speakers advocating immediate constitutional change and cautioning labor against supporting President Roosevelt.

Norman Thomas, national leader of the party, who probably will again be the Socialist nominee for President, declared:

"We have, on the other hand, neither the imminence of actual Fascism nor the pressure of a Hitler in our borders as in France, nor, on the other, have we the strength in some People's Front combination to check a Fascist menace."

"Our tactics, therefore, are not dictated by a situation which confronts France. In France it gives cause for some concern that the Communists, having taken an initiative in building a rather opportunistic People's Front, now refuse to share in the responsibility of victory. It is clear that our duty to Socialism in America is to maintain our own clear line."

Repeating a Mistake.

"Our great problems come from the avowed intention of certain leaders in the labor movement, some of whom have been Socialists, to support Roosevelt, as they say, against reaction. This is to repeat the mistake of 1916 when they supported Wilson because he kept us out of war."

"We cast no reflection on the motives of certain labor leaders. It is their judgment that we challenge. But it is far better for the party that those who intend actually or tacitly to support Roosevelt, should be outside the party. It is far better that all those who are concerned today primarily about office, respectability, or reform, rather than with the struggle for Socialism, which is our one hope, should be outside the party."

"We want a united and inclusive party, but only on a Socialist basis."

Two Other Speakers.

Thomas was joined in opening the convention by Mayor Daniel Webster Hoan of Milwaukee, Wis., and Leo Krzycki, national party chairman and a vice-president of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union. Both men spoke on the theme of orderly constitutional change and criticized labor leaders for their support of President Roosevelt.

Dwelling on the frequent proposals for a nation-wide Farmer-Labor party, Hoan said the "demand is not sufficient to warrant starting one in 1936."

There are not enough of the sound, practical elements in the labor movement ready to sever all connections with the old parties and come out for a new organization based on a new economic premise," he continued. "Hence, the Socialist party is opposed to any such party this year on a nation-wide scale."

"There are some labor leaders who believe that labor's interests can best be served in 1936 by supporting Roosevelt, although they desire a new party in the near future. We Socialists are convinced that they are absolutely mistaken in this policy. Roosevelt proposes to patch up capitalism without attempting to reach the roots of our economic ills."

Krzycki's Views.

Krzycki, who is a member of the Amalgamated's general executive board, expressed a similar viewpoint in a letter made public at the convention.

In his keynote address, Krzycki said "some people have made a great fuss over Roosevelt's so-called 'Socialistic' actions."

"We found him down by the creek," the elder Dankel related. "He was shouting and waving his club, about three feet long, and about three inches square."

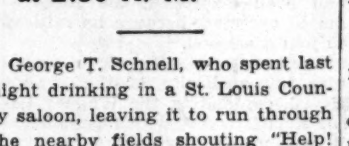
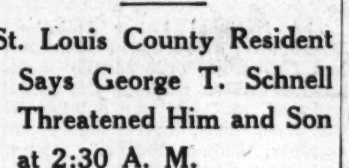
"When he saw us he hollered, 'I'm going to kill you!' We had never seen him before, and didn't know what to make of it."

"He ran toward Ed, and I hollered to Ed to shoot him, but Ed ran away. The man started after him, but gave that up and came back toward me. I told him to stop or I'd shoot, and he didn't stop, so I shot him."

Dankel's home is about a mile across the fields from the saloon at which Schnell had been drinking.

FIVE FORMER POLICEMEN CONVICTED OF KIDNAPING AT FLORIDA FLOGGING TRIAL

Convicted in Flogging Trial



LEFT, above, SAM CROSBY; below, F. W. SWITZER; right, above, JOHN P. BRIDGES; below, C. W. CARLISLE and C. A. BROWN JR.

TAVERN CUSTOMER ON RAMPAGE SHOT, KILLED BY FARMER

St. Louis County Resident Says George T. Schnell Threatened Him and Son at 2:30 A. M.

George T. Schnell, who spent last night drinking in a St. Louis County saloon, leaving it to run through the nearby fields shouting "Help! Murder!" for no apparent reason, was shot and killed about 2:30 a. m. today by a farmer whom he menaced with a club.

Joseph Dankel, who lives on a farm near Ringer road and Mehl avenue, told county authorities he fired one shot at Schnell from a distance of about 12 feet as Schnell ran toward him, waving the club.

The bullet struck Schnell in the heart, killing him instantly.

Schnell was a salesman of used automobiles, 43 years old, and lived at 3905 Cora avenue. The body was taken to the Fendler undertaking establishment, 744 Lemay Ferry road, while relatives sought to communicate with Schnell's widow, who was away from the city.

Constable Joseph L. Doran Jr. of Carondelet Township said he learned that Schnell had spent the night in a saloon at Butler Hill and Lemay Ferry roads, where he bought drinks freely for persons with whom he was not acquainted.

Schnell was persuaded, finally, to go and sit in his automobile outside the saloon, but he left it and went off through the fields.

John Miller, who lives nearby, said Schnell tried to get into his house, and went away screaming when he shouted at him. Joseph Kamp, another resident of the vicinity, telephoned the constable that there was a "crazy man" running through the woods.

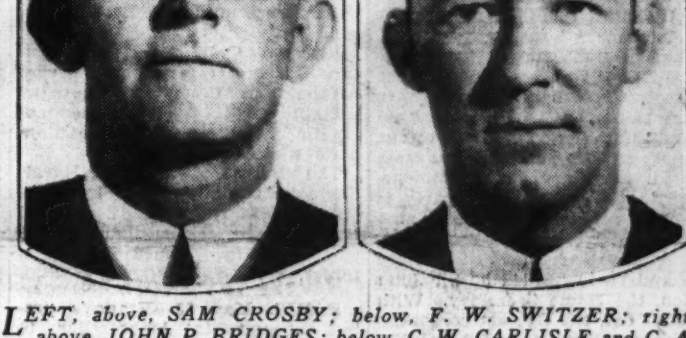
His shouts awakened the family of Dankel, and Dankel, with his 17-year-old son, Edward, went out to investigate. Edward took a shotgun, and his father a revolver.

"We found him down by the creek," the elder Dankel related. "He was shouting and waving his club, about three feet long, and about three inches square."

"When he saw us he hollered, 'I'm going to kill you!' We had never seen him before, and didn't know what to make of it."

"He ran toward Ed, and I hollered to Ed to shoot him, but Ed ran away. The man started after him, but gave that up and came back toward me. I told him to stop or I'd shoot, and he didn't stop, so I shot him."

Dankel's home is about a mile across the fields from the saloon at which Schnell had been drinking.



LEFT, above, SAM CROSBY; below, F. W. SWITZER; right, above, JOHN P. BRIDGES; below, C. W. CARLISLE and C. A. BROWN JR.

TWO KILLED IN ATTACK ON VON STARHBERG CASTLE

Austrian Heimwehr Repulses Assault, Said to Have Been Engineered by Nazis.

By the Associated Press.

LINZ, Austria, May 23.—Soldiers of Prince Ernst von Starhemberg's private army, the Heimwehr, repulsed an attack on the deposed Vice-Chancellor's Wachenberg Castle early today, killing two men and arresting seven others, officially said to be Nazis.

Official accounts gave varying versions of the attack. One said it was a Nazi attempt to obtain arms hidden in the castle, which is the summer home of Von Starhemberg's mother. Another was that the Nazis had plotted to kill the Prince. A third said the conspiracy was engineered by disgruntled members of the Heimwehr.

Guards at the castle, forewarned of the attack, lay in wait for the assaulting forces and returned their fire. The leader of the attackers escaped.

The incident climaxed an explosive situation which came into the open when Von Starhemberg was ousted from the Cabinet by Chancellor Schuschnigg because of an effusive congratulatory telegram the Prince sent to Premier Mussolini on his victory over Ethiopia.

4 LITHUANIANS EXECUTED FOR INCITING REBELLION

13 Others Get Sentences Ranging From Life Imprisonment After Court-Martial.

By the Associated Press.

KAUNAS, Lithuania, May 23.—Four farmers were executed today after court-martial conviction of inciting the populace of Southern Lithuania to overthrow the Government. Three other death sentences were commuted to life imprisonment.

Ten farmers were tried at a second court-martial, five of them sentenced to life imprisonment and the others to varying terms.

French Woman Flyer Injured.

By the Associated Press.

STOCKHOLM, May 23.—Mlle. Maryse Hiltz, French woman flyer, and her mechanic were injured today in a crash during a forced landing near Varberg. Mlle. Hiltz' face and scalp were badly cut. She was on the way to Stockholm to attend the opening of a new flying field.

ROOSEVELT TO TOUR WHILE G. O. P. MEETS

To Start for Arkansas and Texas Day Before Convention Opens.

By the Associated Press.

HYDE PARK, N. Y., May 23.—President Roosevelt arrived here early today and drove immediately to the family home to see his mother, confined to bed with an injured hip.

The President went straight to his mother's bedside, before breakfast, and found her in a cheery mood. Dr. Scott L. Smith, the family physician, said Mrs. Roosevelt had sustained a fracture of the great trochanter bone projecting from the upper part of the thigh bone, but that no complications had developed and he did not expect any.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—President Roosevelt announced to reporters last night that he planned to leave Washington June 3 for a week's tour to the Southwest. The Republican national convention opens a Cleveland June 9.

He plans to go first to Little Rock, Ark., arriving there June 10 for a speech in connection with the one-hundredth anniversary of the State's admittance into the Union.

He then intends to go to the Texas Centennial commemorating that State's anniversary of independence from Mexico. Tentative plans call for a visit to the San Jacinto battlefield at Houston and the Alamo at San Antonio June 11 before traveling the next day to Dallas, the celebration center, with a probable stop at Austin en route.

After spending June 12 at Dallas he hopes to go to Fort Worth to spend the night with his son, Elliott, who resides there. He will leave Fort Worth the morning of June 13 for Vincennes, Ind., to dedicate the next day the memorial to George Rogers Clark, Revolutionary War hero, who defeated the British there.

France Sends More Gold to U. S.

By the Associated Press.

CHERBOURG, May 23.—The flight of France's gold to the United States continued today with the shipment of 95,000,000 francs (\$6,138,000) worth of gold to New York aboard the Bremen.

JURY REACHES VERDICT AFTER TWO HOURS' DELIBERATION

Tampa Officers Tried for Abduction of Eugene F. Poulnot, One of Three Men Beaten, Tarred and Feathered by Mob.

SENTENCE DEFERRED; MAXIMUM 10 YEARS

Prosecutor Surprised at Outcome of Hearing, in Which Defense Made Appeal to Anti-Communist Sentiment.

By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

BARTOW, Fla., May 23.—The jury in the Florida flogging trial returned a verdict of guilty today against five former Tampa policemen charged with kidnapping Eugene F. Poulnot, one of three men who were abducted, tarred and feathered Nov. 30 following a raid on a political meeting in a private home.

The defendants were C. A. Brown Jr., leader of the warrantless raid on the "Modern Democrats," C. W. Carlisle, F. W. Switzer, Sam Crosby and John P. Bridges.

The penalty ranges from a maximum of 10 years in the penitentiary to a minimum of a year and a day.

Sentence will not be pronounced for at least four days, Pat Whitaker, chief of defense counsel, said he would file a motion for a new trial within that time.

Failing to obtain a new trial, the defense may file notice of an appeal to the Florida Supreme Court. The \$7500 bond under which each of the men has been at liberty was continued.

Earlier in the trial Judge Robert T. Dewell had granted directed verdicts of acquittal to R. G. Tittsworth, former Tampa Chief of Police, charged with being an accessory after the fact, and Robert Chappell, the sixth man charged with the actual abduction.

Three Hours Deliberation.

The six-man jury retired at 9:29 a. m. and returned its verdict at 1:03 p. m. after actually deliberating only about two hours.

Three ballots were taken, all of which were unanimous. The foreman, George A. Walker, told the writer they did it "just to make sure."

The jurors agreed that "the evidence" was all they considered, "Communism and all that stuff had nothing to do with the case," said Earl Turner. "We saw right through that. Those defense lawyers didn't stick to the case."

The policemen are also under indictment in connection with the kidnapping of Sam J. Rogers, another flogging victim, and are charged with second-degree murder because of the death of Joseph A. Shoemaker, leader of the "Modern Democrats," who died of his injuries. Tittsworth is charged with being an accessory after the fact in both cases.

The verdict was a surprise to both attorneys and spectators.

As the jury retired to begin deliberations, State's Attorney J. Rex Farrior, chief of the prosecution, said to newspaper men: "I haven't a chance of getting a guilty verdict. The best I can hope for is a mistrial."

Story of the Crime.

Poulnot, Rogers and Shoemaker were arrested by Tampa officers while attending a "Modern Democrats" political meeting in a private home the night of Nov. 30. The officers had no warrant.

After being questioned about alleged Communist activities, they

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

LUCIANO AIDS AT VICE TRIAL

Bernard Points Out She Says Frequented Ringleader's Ho- Apartment.

Associated Press. NEW YORK, May 23.—A chambermaid in a Park avenue hotel identified Charles (Lucky) Luciano as one of the defendants in the vice trial today as frequenting her apartment.

Lit- tle Brown picked out "Lucky" Luciano, "Able" Wahman, Frederico and Meyer Berk- the four men who went to the apartment. She pointed out as the man who lived in the apartment under the name of "Lucky."

She has been charged by E. Dewey, special prosecutor, with being the head of a vice controlling prostitution in New York.

She said she was employed by the chambermaid at the hotel which Luciano had frequented. She said she was positive identification despite defense counsel to get admit they were based on shown to her by Dewey's

port Keeper Testifies. She took the stand, de- tached finished cross-exam- ing Florence (Coco) Flo- former operator of a vice and sweetheart of Frederico, who was present on trans- portation when Luciano dis- appeared of the alleged vice with his aids.

mitted writing two letters to Luciano after his arrest in which she professed love for him.

will mean a lot to me, as you always did. This makes no difference to me," he letters said. "I want always remember that what happens you will mean everything to me."

identified yesterday that she Luciano plan to organize the chain grocery stores. her defense counsel accused her of being under the influence of a narcotic while she testified yes- and obtained permission to examine her. Later, reported unofficially that she agreed she had not a narcotic recently.

counsel tried to show she testified to the State to win leniency for the time you wrote to Mr. Luciano had figured out a way "Frederico, hadn't you?" demanded. "No," replied "I couldn't think of any up him. I had nothing in

you knew by reading the head of this vice ring. "I knew it without the papers," she reported.

BAR 'HITLER' PLAY. With Nazi "Blood Purge" of 1934.

May 23.—The Ministries of Education today a play called "Hitler" in a popular-priced the Belleville district last is a dramatic interpreta- German leader's life.

representative of the Prefect attended the opening and immediately reported that an embassy would present its presentation. The play is the Nazi "Blood Purge" of 1934.

EVICTED JOBLESS TO MOVE ONTO CITY HALL LAWN

Strategy Decided on at Mass Meeting of 250 Members of American Workers' Union.

COMMITTEES TO VISIT LANDLORDS Unemployed and Their Leaders Discuss Problems of Rent, Food and Organization Work.

Members of the American Workers' Union, considering the problem of evictions last night, decided that in the future they would move the furniture of evicted families to the City Hall lawn so that all might see what had been done.

Among the 250 who attended last night's meeting, held at Labor Center, Leonard and Easton avenues, were three who had eviction notices with them, and wanted to know what to do about it. One of them had already been moved out, and his furniture was stored in a neighbor's hall.

There was talk of sending a delegation to move the furniture back into the vacated rooms, but after much discussion it was agreed to send a committee today to talk to the landlord. In the other two cases the families are to be evicted next week, and there will be time to appeal to the St. Louis Relief Administration for the needed rent money.

Family Complication. There was a family complication in the case of the man whose furniture had been moved out, which made his action inadvisable. His landlord was his father-in-law. Furthermore the evicted man, who said he was Louis Ritter, 1357 Good-fellow boulevard, was "on a project"—working for the WPA.

"He never bothered me about rent," said Ritter. "He says I owe him about \$400, but that's a big lie. It's about \$800. If he would give me a chance until the next payday, I'd take my furniture and get out. But this is between my father-in-law and his daughter. I'm not the boss, or the other way."

To those who sought to make an issue of Ritter's plight, Joseph Hoffman, secretary of the American Workers' Union City Committee, had a word of advice. He cautioned them not to take up a case which would give the organization a "black eye," pointing to the family relationship involved, and to the fact that Ritter was working. It was agreed, however, that the union could at least send some one to talk to Ritter's father-in-law, and a committee of three was named.

The others with eviction notices, introduced at the meeting, said they were Mrs. Catherine Lyle, 1548 South Seventh street, and John Johnson, 421W Evans avenue. Mrs. Lyle, a widow with four children, was one of the participants in the recent relief protest demonstrations arranged by the American Workers' Union. Johnson, who has wife and six children, said he went back to work "on a project" only six days after a lay-off.

Hoffman, reporting on recent gains won by the American Workers' Union, including the \$75,000 emergency relief appropriation by the Board of Aldermen, said the situation was somewhat improved, but warned that a new crisis would develop the first of next month.

He and others referred cryptically to a "surprise" demonstration which is planned for the night of June 1, the day before the next session of the Board of Aldermen. Members of the American Workers' Union are to gather early in the evening at four places to be designated and are to wait there "for further instructions."

Getting Along Better. "We are getting along a little better now," Hoffman said. "Now you don't have to sit all day in the relief office waiting for someone to listen to you. Now you go there and get a slip which tells you to come back next week."

But it doesn't begin to go far enough. How much money is needed? Well, Peter Kasius (director of United Charities and former St. Louis Relief Administrator), told the committee of 100 it would take \$350,000 to \$450,000 a month to give any sort of relief at all. We are asking for \$500,000 a month, and the committee of 100 favors that."

The committee to which he referred was organized recently at the Sheldon Memorial, with Dean Sidney E. Sweet of Christ Church Cathedral as chairman. Its purpose is to promote public sentiment for adequate relief appropriations.

Grade Crossing Smashup and Three Young Victims



JOSEPH SMITH, MARGARET STACY, ROBERT J. BESSE.

\$15,000 DUE CITY ASSESSOR ORDERED HELD TO PAY NOTE

Receiver Named to Take Charge of Fees, on Complaint of Four Sisters.

Charles de Lary, real estate dealer, was appointed yesterday by Circuit Judge John W. Joynt as a receiver to take charge of about \$15,000 in fees due City Assessor Ralph W. Coale from the State. The action was taken on petition of four sisters who alleged they obtained a judgment on a note for \$8,504 against Coale last September and that he refused to pay it.

The court fixed De Lary's bond at \$5,000 and instructed him to hold State fees payable to Coale, subject to satisfaction of the judgment, which, including interest from 1931, now totals about \$11,000, according to the petition. The sisters are Miss Harriet Harig, 3712 Grand square, and her three sisters, Miss Lavinia, Miss Emma and Miss Isabelle Harig.

Coale has denied liability on the note, which he signed as a guarantor on a mortgage renewal on property at 2200 Walnut street, later sold under foreclosure. A receiver was appointed in Cole County Circuit Court May 6 on a similar petition by the sisters, but the appointment was vacated two weeks later after a hearing.

RE-ENACTS CRIME TO MAKE POLICE BELIEVE CONFESSION Negro at Chicago Shows Police How He Got Into Hospital and Beat Nurse.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Thomas Starr, a Negro, finally convinced Deputy Chief of Detectives Walter Storms yesterday that he was the man who beat Lois Rickert, a nurse, as she slept in St. Luke's Hospital. Starr had confessed twice, but his story was muddled. Yesterday the Negro proved his story by re-enacting the crime. He shinnied up a drain pipe, hauled himself from window to window and swung himself into the nurse's room.

Miss Rickert was beaten on the head with a brick. The attack came a few days after Mrs. Lillian D. Guild was killed in the Y. W. C. A. Hotel with a similar weapon. Starr denied any part in that crime.

E. ST. LOUIS POLICE CRITICISED FOR ARRESTING SCHOOL GIRLS Attorney Says They Were Put in Cell With Women From "The Valley."

MAN CAUGHT IN BASEMENT ADMITS TWO BURGLARIES

Transient Says He Was Shot by New York Police in 1924 and Served Prison Term.

A man, who said he was Joseph DiPalma, 27 years old, and homeless, was caught yesterday afternoon in the basement of a flat at 1046 Ann avenue after neighbors called police. He admitted two burglaries officers announced.

He was identified by Mrs. Eldora McConaughy, 1711A South Twelfth street, as the man who ran from her flat when she returned home at 2 p. m. yesterday. The prisoner admitted taking a wrist watch and a cosmetic container from the McConaughy home, according to police. He also admitted police stated, stealing clothing and two suitcases from the home of Charles Bucher, 1016 Geyer avenue, Thursday afternoon. In 1924, according to his statement, he was shot by a policeman in New York, and served three years in a reformatory for larceny.

VETERAN ST. LOUIS FLYER JUMPS FROM TEST PLANE J. L. Malone Forced to Use Parachute at 800 Feet in Army Field in Dayton, O.

J. L. Malone, veteran Lambert-St. Louis Field pilot, landed safely with his parachute today when forced to jump from a training airplane he was testing at the army air depot at Dayton, O.

According to a report from Dayton, the pilot jumped from an altitude of 800 feet when he was unable to bring the ship out of a spin. The plane crashed.

The plane Malone was flying was made by the St. Louis Aircraft Corporation, 8000 North Broadway, and was sent to Dayton for demonstrations before army experts.

WIDOW, 73, KILLS HERSELF; BODY FOUND IN BATHROOM Mrs. Jennie Watkins Was Despondent Because of Poor Health, Son-in-Law Says.

MISSOURI U. STUDENT GETS ATLANTIC MONTHLY PRIZE

Essay "Missouri Thaw" Selected as Best of 247 Submitted in Contest.

COLEMAN, Mo., May 23.—Charles Brandes Colard of Troy, Mo., a senior in the University of Missouri School of Journalism, was notified last night that his essay, "Missouri Thaw," was chosen as the best of 247 submitted in the 1936 Atlantic Monthly essay contest and received a prize of \$50.

Daphna Sipes, Alamosa, Colo., and Sue Meyers, Columbia, both journalism students, received honorable mention.

Sparks Start \$1300 Fire. Sparks from burning rubbish set fire to the broom factory of Aaron Poletsky, at 2119 O'Fallon street, yesterday afternoon, causing \$1300 damage. Nathan Ziglin, an employee, was burning rubbish back of the factory when wind carried sparks through a window, igniting broom corn. Firemen put out the blaze.

TRAVEL AND RESORTS WOMACK HOTEL FREDERICKTOWN, MD. Famous chicken dinner every day. 25 comfortable, modern rooms with the South's finest view. Highways 61, 67 and 70 to Fredericktown, Md.

TWO BOYS, GIRL KILLED WHEN AUTO RUNS INTO TRAIN

Victims of Wellston Grade Crossing Are Robert Besse, 16; Joseph Smith, 16; Margaret Stacy, 15.

Two boys, students at McBride High School, and a girl who attended Wellston High School were killed at 3:40 p. m. yesterday when a second-hand roadster which one of the boys had bought without the knowledge of his parents struck a moving Wabash passenger train at the North Market street crossing in Wellston.

The boys were Robert J. Besse Jr., 16 years old, 6344A Wellsman avenue, Wellston, son of a grocer, and owner of the machine, and Joseph Smith, 16, son of Michael J. Smith, 5970 Lotus avenue, a contractor. The girl was Margaret Stacy, 15, daughter of Benjamin F. Stacy, 6217A Plymouth avenue, an employee of the St. Louis County Highway Department.

Speeding Downhill to Tracks. Witnesses said the automobile was traveling west down a steep grade when it struck the engine of the south-bound train, going about 40 miles an hour, immediately in front of the tender.

Anthony La Fata, 1535 Engelholm avenue, Wellston, and William Vogel, 1512 Engelholm, said they were walking in North Market street, a narrow roadway at the point, when the automobile, traveling at a high rate of speed, radio turned on loudly and the occupants singing, forced them to step off the road. The passengers turned to shout at them after passing, they said, and a moment later the machine struck the train.

Lloyd Grubbs, 1529 Engelholm, employed at the Boeckeler Lumber Co. yard nearby, said the automobile was traveling at high speed when it struck the train. Besse's parents did not know he owned an automobile, they said. His friends said he bought the machine more than a month ago and did not keep it at home. Recently, they said, he made his second installment payment.

Identified by School Books. After school books with names in the fly leaves had been found in the wreckage. The train stopped within 1000 feet after the accident. Members of the crew, all residents of Moberly, Mo., Charles C. Clendenen, R. W. Rowland, fireman, and William Christian, conductor.

TEN CANDIDATES FILE FOR PRIMARY IN CITY Richard T. Brownrigg to Run for Circuit Judge; Henry L. Berger for Sheriff.

Ten candidates filed for the August primary election with the Board of Election Commissioners yesterday. The last day for filing is June 5.

Among those to file were Richard T. Brownrigg, Park Plaza Hotel, for the Democratic nomination for Circuit Judge, and Henry L. Berger, 4563A North Broadway, Republican City Committeeman of the Second Ward, for the Republican nomination for Sheriff. Two Democratic State Representatives filed for renomination, Edward F. Byrnes, 4255 Athlone avenue, in the Fifth District, and Jules Brinkman, 1318 Shenandoah avenue, in the Second District.

Others who filed were Bernard H. Lake, 5030 Newport avenue, State Representative, First District, Democrat; Irwin White, 5570 Maple avenue, State Representative, Fifth District, Democrat; Michael J. McGee, 1101 Columbia avenue, for reelection as Democratic City Committeeman, Twelfth Ward; Mrs. Julia Crouther, 4805 Hamburger avenue, Democratic City Committeewoman, Twelfth Ward, and City Park Superintendent Charles A. Conners, 115 Union boulevard, and Dr. Stella A. Williams, 5777 E. Giverville avenue, for reelection to the Democratic City Committee of the Twenty-eighth Ward.

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HOMICIDE VERDICT IN DEATH OF MAN IN TRAFFIC ROW

Tailor Testifies Charles Klein, 28, Hit J. F. M'Gee, 36, in Dispute After Auto Stalled.

How a dispute over a stalled automobile at Page boulevard and Bay- and avenue Thursday night led Charles Klein, 28-year-old clerk, 4863 Cote Brillante avenue, to strike the blow which caused the death of John Frank McGee, 36, was testified to by witnesses at the inquest today into McGee's death. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of homicide in the case, holding Klein for the grand jury.

Charles Bernstein, a tailor, 4417A Evans avenue, who was the driver of the stalled car, said he had stopped to observe a boulevard stop at the southwest corner of the intersection when his motorist Klein and George Horwitz, 4606 Evans avenue, were with him, he said.

About that time, he continued, an automobile with four men riding in it pulled up from behind and bumped his machine several times. He said he told them he was out of gasoline and motioned for them to drive around his car. He said several of the men stepped out of the rear car and offered to push his automobile to a filling station. Bernstein said they were intoxicated.

About that time, the witness continued, Klein stepped out of his car and went to McGee and asked him to "go on home. Why don't you do as he says?" Bernstein said Klein shoved McGee slightly while speaking to McGee, and then McGee swore at him and made a threatening motion as if he were going to strike Klein. The witness said Klein then struck McGee with his left hand, and McGee fell to the street.

Says He Had 10 Beers. Leon Perrin, 4537 Page boulevard, a passenger in McGee's automobile, testified that he saw Raymond Bradley, 4409 Page boulevard, and Maurice Hogue, of Overland, St. Louis County, had visited three taverns before the accident. He said McGee had about 10 or 12 "nickel beers," but was not intoxicated.

He said they were driving east on Page boulevard and at Bayward avenue drew up behind an automobile parked in the street at the corner. He said McGee blew his horn several times, and then got out of the car with Bradley and Hogue. He said he remained in the car and did not see what followed for several minutes.

Suddenly, he continued, he saw somebody, whom he later identified as Klein, shove McGee back about a car's length. The witness said McGee walked back to Klein and said: "Don't do that, we're only trying to help you." With that, Perrin testified, Klein struck McGee, and knocked him to the street. He said Bradley and someone else carried McGee to the sidewalk.

Newsboy's Testimony. Albert Fiddleman, 17, a newsboy, said he saw a crowd at the corner and ran there to see what had happened. McGee, he said, was lying on the sidewalk and was not receiving attention. He said somebody volunteered to take the man to the hospital in their car, but a five-minute delay followed when one of McGee's companions insisted on driving the machine.

The volunteer driver, the newsboy continued, did not want McGee's companion to drive the car because he was intoxicated. The boy said he helped put McGee in the automobile, and he could tell he had been drinking. They finally drove to Missouri Baptist Hospital, when a physician pronounced McGee dead, he said.

Klein, who first denied being at the scene, admitted yesterday to police that he had struck McGee after the latter had cursed him and struck at him. He did not testify at the inquest today.

Malice Voluntary Statement. Bernstein, in an earlier statement, had said Morris Schwartz, 4433 Evans avenue, had been in his car, but later admitted Schwartz was not present and the latter, who had been arrested, was released. Horwitz, 4606 Evans avenue, whose name had not been given by Bernstein, went to the Deer Street Police Station later in the day and made a voluntary statement, saying that when the trouble started he went into a nearby cigar store and did not return until it was all over.

McGee, a printer for the Shapleigh Hardware Co., was unmarried and lived with his mother at 7729 Arthur avenue, Richmond Heights. His death resulted from a fractured skull.

Two Killed in Pre-Election Fights. ANTWERP, Belgium, May 23.—Two persons were killed today in a pre-election fight between Realists (young Fascists) and Socialists. The parliamentary election will be held tomorrow.

FARMER AND MAN HE SHOT TO DEATH

JOSEPH DANKEL.



GEORGE T. SCHNELL.

FIVE CONVICTED OF KIDNAPING AT FLORIDA TRIAL Continued From Page One.

were released at police headquarters. Just outside the station the three men were hauled into automobiles and driven to the Tampa warehouse district.

There they were transferred to other cars and driven outside the city to a wooded section where they were stripped of their clothing, beaten, tarred and feathered. After being warned to keep their mouths shut and to get out of the State, they were left to shift for themselves.

Poulnot and Rogers made their way back to town, but Shoemaker, who weighed more than 200 pounds, had to wait for help to be sent to him. Nine days later he died in a hospital after one leg had been amputated in an effort to save his life.

Weeks of grand jury sessions ended in 11 men, all suspended Tampa policemen and special officers, being indicted for second degree murder in connection with Shoemaker's death and with the kidnaping of Shoemaker, Rogers and Poulnot.

The seven who went on trial here six weeks ago, after an effort to obtain a jury at Tampa had failed and a change of venue had been granted, were tried only on charges involving Poulnot.

Before the case went to the jury, Judge Dewell instructed it that if it thought that the five defendants seized Poulnot for the purpose of turning him over to the floggers it was its duty to acquit them.

The charge was based on the technical requirements, Judge Dewell said, of the old "slave law" kidnapping statute under which the men are charged and which requires that the sole intent must be "to secretly confine."

The charge, which is repeated several times in varying phraseology stated: "If you have a reasonable doubt arising from the testimony or lack of testimony as to whether or not the defendants intended to secretly confine or imprison the said Poulnot or turn him over to third persons to be flogged, you could not, under your oaths convict the defendants because the State is required, as part of its case, to establish beyond and to the exclusion of every reasonable doubt that the intent of the defendants was to secretly confine or imprison said Poulnot."

Shouted denunciations of Communism by Attorney Pat Whitaker yesterday closed arguments for acquittal of five defendants. Five prosecution attorneys were on their feet at the same time at one stage in the argument as the defense chief roared out appeals which the prosecution called improper.

KILLED BY AUTO DRIVEN BY BOY IN WEBSTER GROVES

John T. Brown, 52, Blacksmith, Knocked Down—James R. R. Martin, 17, Didn't See Him.

John T. Brown, 52 years old, a blacksmith, died at St. Louis County Hospital last night of injuries suffered two hours earlier when he was struck by an automobile at Lockwood boulevard and Cherry avenue, Webster Groves. He resided at 4547 Wichita avenue.

The driver was James R. R. Martin Jr., 17, of 140 Gray avenue, a student at Webster Groves High School. He told police the man crossed the street in the shadow of heavy foliage, and he did not see him until too late to avoid an accident.

Martin was released on bond pending an inquest. Brown suffered fractured legs and a skull injury.

SENATE COMMITTEE VOTES AGAINST 'TAX ON TAXES' Rejection of This Levy Cuts Estimated Yield of Revenue Bill by \$40,000,000.

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Senate Finance Committee voted yesterday to eliminate from the tax bill the section that had been labeled "tax on taxes." The committee voted that the 7 per cent tax on undistributed profits should not apply to the 18 per cent of income which a corporation cannot distribute to stockholders because it must go to the Federal Treasury.

The change cut the estimated revenue by \$40,000,000. There were differences of opinion today as how near the bill would come to raising the \$623,000,000 in permanent revenue sought by President Roosevelt to finance the farm program and the additional cost of paying the bonus now.

One estimate was that it would raise \$529,000,000. The committee is awaiting final estimates by the Treasury.

Chairman Harrison expressed the opinion that the Treasury was "underestimating because it is not taking into consideration whether the plan will force distribution of corporate income" to stockholders, who would then have to pay income taxes on it.

nism by Attorney Pat Whitaker yesterday closed arguments for acquittal of five defendants. Five prosecution attorneys were on their feet at the same time at one stage in the argument as the defense chief roared out appeals which the prosecution called improper.

Whitaker criticised the prosecution for mention in closing arguments of former Police Chief Tittsworth.

He declared that "Communism stands for the overthrow of our churches and schools and our Anglo-Saxon civilization."

This was a reference to the alleged nature of the Modern Democratic organization, which the defense charged was Communistic. Minutes of its meetings, read at the trial, showed the singing of "America" and the reading of excerpts from the Constitution were part of the formal proceedings of the organization, the purpose of which, it was testified, was to "clean up politics in Tampa."

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER

December 17, 1878

Published by

The Pulitzer Publishing Company
Twelfth Boulevard and Olive Street

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Leaving St. Louis in the Lurch.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

LESS than 40 hours between Chicago and the Pacific coast. Such is the new schedule of streamlined trains on the Santa Fe and Union Pacific railroads. True, these trains run once every five or seven days, but doubtless they will run every day as soon as enough equipment is available. Very creditable for these railroads and very fine for Chicago, but where does it leave St. Louis? Still about 60 hours from the coast, by direct routes. If traffic between St. Louis and the coast must go via Chicago in order to get fast service, then St. Louis ceases to be a gateway between East and West and its metropolitan prestige vanishes.

St. Louis was an East-West gateway before Chicago existed. With the development of railroads, geographical conditions gave Chicago the advantages, but St. Louis remained a gateway, with through Pullmans to California, and enjoyed about the same running time to Los Angeles and San Francisco as did Chicago. But these new trains give Chicago a full day's advantage, and St. Louis is left in the position of the village merchant whose store is not on Main street. Even before these trains appeared, St. Louis was slipping, as indicated by a map which the Southern Pacific uses in its national advertising, and which shows Chicago as a gateway but ignores St. Louis.

What can be done about this situation? No one railroad extends from St. Louis to the coast, and certain large roads which extend part way are in receivership, so are handicapped in developing new service. Perhaps St. Louis capital could build some streamlined trains and lease them to suitable railroads for operation. The investment would probably be self-supporting through direct returns, and would pay enormous indirect dividends.

L. H. DOOLITTLE.

In Defense of Firemen.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE POST-DISPATCH: I HAVE just read, and with annoyance, the letter signed "Resident," in which he raps the city firemen. "Resident" states that they work only 15 days a month and get a vacation by pay.

Does "Resident" know that in a day's work a fireman works three times as long as the average man? The average man works five days a week and a half day on Saturday for a total (based on a 30-day month) of 192 hours a month. If a holiday falls on a working day, he gets paid just the same. Firemen work 24 hours a day for a total of 360 hours a month and it doesn't make any difference to him when a holiday falls.

Has "Resident" ever rolled to a fire at 4 o'clock in the morning at 10 below and stood out in the cold and had ice freeze on him? Has he ever been knocked off? If he had, then he would be cringing about the poor fireman. A competent department must be run by well-paid, satisfied men.

HARRY INGRAM.

Favors Jay-Walking Ordinance.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE POST-DISPATCH: I WAS somewhat surprised to note your stand on the Jay-walking bill, now pending before the Board of Aldermen.

The number of automobiles and trucks on our streets has continually increased, and there is every likelihood that it will continue to increase. This makes a traffic problem that in fairness both to drivers and walkers should be solved. And why not profit by the experience of other cities which have improved their conditions by Jay-walking ordinances?

You seem to confine your arguments to the lack of downtown accidents. A point to consider is the fact that the proposed ordinance would cover the whole city, not merely the congested district. Forty-nine per cent of the traffic fatalities last year occurred between street intersections. Should no effort be made to save 45 lives a year?

For years, the school children have been taught to observe police signs and traffic lights. Should not good habits once formed be continued, and isn't it time for their elders to follow their example?

Of course, just another ordinance is futile. If passed, it would have to be enforced, or, rather, to use the distinction made by Judge Mix, it should be observed.

F. B. WIPPERMAN,
Chairman, Streets Committee, General Council on Civic Needs.

"Our Fading Messiahs."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE POST-DISPATCH: I READ with amusement your editorial entitled "Our Fading Messiahs," which appeared in your issue of May 18. I realize, of course, that a subsidized press could not be fair to the principles advocated for the masses.

Do you question the benefits that would accrue to the people if Father Coughlin's 16 principles were enacted into law? If you do, why do you not raise an issue? All that you have been doing is to poke fun. Any schoolboy can poke fun at a thing, but it takes a real man to raise and defend an issue.

It is my belief that it was Father Coughlin's purpose to get the Fraiser-Lemke bill on the floor so that he could single out the men in Congress, and I assure you that he has succeeded. He knows now who is who and that gives him a clear road.

WILLIAM EICHENSER.

IN A JAM.

Dr. Townsend has placed the House investigating committee in a jam by walking out of the hearing and declaring his willingness to rot in jail rather than to submit to further "tyranny" at the hands of his questioners. After perplexed discussion as to what action to take, the committee adjourned without taking definite action. If the committee finally decides to cite him for contempt it means either that the 70-year-old physician must stand before the bar of the House to answer for his actions, or that the involved process of indictment and jury trial will be employed.

In either case, there is grave danger that the committee will defeat its own purposes. In defense of himself, the doctor will cite the record of the hearings at which he was unmercifully grilled by the investigators. He will insist that the questions asked him were of such a nature as to bring ridicule upon him. If he is acquitted, he will, of course, claim a great victory in the name of the Townsend movement; if he is convicted and sent to jail, it will be the signal for his followers to make a martyr of him.

It seems to be a growing fashion among investigating committees in Washington to make a Roman holiday of their hearings, with groups of questioners heaping sarcasm upon witnesses, who lack the safeguards of courtroom procedure. Tactics such as these have given rise to the charge that legislative committees are not content with eliciting truth from witnesses, but are intent upon defaming their characters and subjecting them to personal abuse.

In the case of Dr. Townsend, the committee had so much damaging information against him and his movement that it could well have afforded to content itself with calm questioning. There was no need for it to try to pillory an old man, whom thousands of citizens regard as the epitome of goodness and wisdom. It is enough to show that he is misguided. From other witnesses, it is easy to establish that the Townsend movement has become a racket in which high-pressure promoters prey upon the credulity of old people and ruthlessly profit from their contributions of nickels and dimes.

The Townsend investigators could learn a valuable lesson in technique if they studied the manner and method of the late Senator Thomas J. Walsh of Montana, who conducted the Teapot Dome and Elk Hills inquiry, one of the most brilliant of all congressional inquiries. Senator Walsh was cold, analytical, judicial. His relentless but impersonal questioning of witnesses laid bare a major scandal and paved the way for the recovery of America's naval oil reserves. He showed that vituperation and brow-beating of witnesses are not necessary to discover the truth.

If there is a renewal of interest in Dr. Townsend's plan, brought about by the mauling he took at the hands of the investigators, the latter are responsible for it.

ORATORY WITH SOUND EFFECTS.

There are some pretty good jazz orchestras on the radio these days and nights, so the politicians may have some trouble in holding the listeners when the campaign gets seriously under way. What is needed, plainly, is something to break the monotony of oratory without interfering with the message that the speaker brings. It might be possible to arrange sound effects to accompany the political addresses, in accordance with a code covering the oratorical indispenables and readily understood by the listeners. This would not only save wear and tear on the orators' vocal organs, but would give variety to the program and keep the audience awake. Such sound effects, for instance, as these:

For the words, "I promise," two loud blasts from a trombone. For "my opponents," two hearty blows on an anvil with a sledge hammer. For "platform pledges," the wall of a siren. For "the people," a few tinkles from a sheep bell. "Constitutionality," a round of firecrackers. "Liberty," blasts from a bugle. "Recovery," flute obbligato. "Dictatorship," a clank of iron washers falling on a brass drum.

There are many more favored political phrases, of course, which could be fitted out with appropriate noises. In time, the process might be expanded so that the orators could be genuine men of few words and yet get their ideas over successfully.

MEN WHO MADE GOOD.

Republicans may be ungrateful, as the proverb affirms, but occasionally a public servant so acquits himself as to evoke expressions of sincere popular esteem. Two such instances were recently reported.

First, the case of Gov. Lehman of New York, whose decision not to stand for re-election stunned the party organization. His two terms in Albany have been so distinguished, in the judgment of his party, as to assure not only the success of the State ticket—if he heads it—but the delivery of the electoral vote to Mr. Roosevelt. A move to "draft Lehman" is under advisement.

Second, Michigan, where the Democrats have stepped across party lines to invite the Republican Senator, James Couzens, to "come on over" and contest the nomination in the Democratic primary.

To discharge one's duties so capably that the office literally seeks the man, as has happened in New York, is a wholesome circumstance, which we all somehow are happy to know about. And it is morally bracing to learn that a Senator can so impress himself upon his constituency as to be regarded as his "State's ambassador," which was the concept of the Founding Fathers. That is what Mr. Couzens seems, in effect, to have done.

The scriptural certificate of "we, done, thou good and faithful servant," may not be frequently issued in the rancor and turmoil of our politics, but the phenomenon does occur, and it has an inspirational glow.

WHY THEY DO NOT RESIGN.

There can be no question that the members of the United States Supreme Court appreciate the gravity of their responsibility. While no fewer than six of the nine—Chief Justice Hughes and Associate Justices Van Devanter, McReynolds, Brandeis, Sutherland and Butler—are past 70 and eligible to retire on full pay, there is no sign that any of them intends to do so.

Information bearing on this point was contained in the Who's Who of the Supreme Court printed in the Post-Dispatch recently. This review showed that five of the present Justices were appointed to fill vacancies created by resignation: Chief Justice Hughes to succeed Chief Justice Taft, Justice Sutherland to succeed Justice Clarke, Justice Butler to succeed Justice Day, Justice Stone to succeed Justice McKenna and Justice Cardozo to succeed Justice Holmes. One member, Justice Van Devanter, was appointed to fill a vacancy created

by the promotion of Justice White to the chief Justiceship. Of the present members, only three—Justice McReynolds, who succeeded Justice Lurton; Justice Brandeis, who succeeded Justice Lamar; and Justice Roberts, who succeeded Justice Sanford—went to the court on the death of sitting members.

This continuance in their seats of the six Judges over the age of 70 appears all the more striking in the light of the resignations of most of the immediate predecessors of the present members. In this there is significant evidence of the feeling of the Justices as to the importance of the court's functions.

ISSUES BEFORE THE ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

"No sham battle." These were the words which Gov. Horner used to describe his primary fight for renomination. Proof that he meant what he said is to be found in the fact that the Illinois Legislature is now in special session, primarily to enact a permanent registration law, defeated in the last session by the opposition of the Kelly-Nash machine.

Further proof lies in the Governor's recommendation that the Legislature submit an amendment modernizing the antiquated revenue article of the State Constitution, or, better still, propose a referendum on the question of holding a constitutional convention. And his sponsorship of a bill to establish an official time for Illinois joins yet another issue with the leadership of his primary opposition, since Mayor Kelly led the movement which summarily moved Chicago into the time zone of the Atlantic seaboard.

As the fourth special session of the Legislature gets under way, the form of the permanent registration bill is the chief question. The Governor's plan, according to the Associated Press, is to place registration on a permanent basis in those cities which have election commissions. This means that only Chicago, Peoria, Rockford, East St. Louis, Springfield, Bloomington, Cairo, Danville, Galesburg and Aurora would qualify. Other communities could qualify by setting up election commissions following favorable action by their voters in a referendum.

A better plan, it seems to us, would be to provide at once for Statewide permanent registration in all communities where registration is employed. In any case, a start should be made. Any measure which would "cost" Boss Pat Nash's organization 250,000 votes—this was his own statement a few days before the April primary—qualifies as an "honest election" measure and should be in operation before the November election.

SO WHAT?

A good deal of interested speculation arose from the fact that last week Mr. Roosevelt entertained in quick succession Owen D. Young of General Electric, Myron C. Taylor of U. S. Steel, Bernard M. Baruch, noted financier, and Walter P. Chrysler, automobile manufacturer. What, the ever-useful Dr. Watson was asked, do you make of that?

And just as the good doctor was about to conclude that the President was contemplating a right-hand turn, up pops the information of a White House conference attended by Senators Wheeler, Wagner, Schwellenbach, Norris, Shipstead and Minton, together with Prof. Felix Frankfurter, all of whom are reputedly left-hand turners.

So what?

A CHALLENGE TO LYNCH LAW.

An unprecedented event is reported from the South. A jury in Federal District Court at New Orleans has awarded \$2500 to the parents of a Negro youth lynch by a mob at Labadieville, La., in 1933. The parents had brought suit against the Sheriff and his surety, charging negligence of duty.

Could this instance be viewed as a precedent that will be followed by other juries when lynchings occur, a great forward step would have been taken to end a barbarous practice that disgraces the nation. The neglect of peace officers is often a figure in the reports of lynchings. If Sheriffs and other officials knew they would be liable for damages should they fail to defend their prisoners, there would be more instances of mobs being turned away. So long as the Sheriff has nothing to lose by unlocking the jail door or absenting himself, Judge Lynch frequently finds the official an ally rather than an opponent.

This verdict is a challenge to any state jury before which a case of alleged official neglect in a lynching is tried. If such a jury fails to award damages where justified by the evidence, the arguments for a Federal anti-lynching law will be strengthened. One of the contentions of those who urge such a law is that local officials and juries will not act, and that Federal intervention is necessary. State authorities must meet the challenge by preventing lynchings or punishing their participants. Otherwise, the verdict will be that it is high time to try another method.

ORATORICAL NOTE.

Senator Dickinson of Iowa was fulminating in his well-known oratorical manner about the tax bill, referring to the bill as it came from the House, when Senator Connally got him to admit that he did not know what the Senate committee's alterations would be. That drew from Senator Connally the question: "How can the Senator discuss the bill when he doesn't know what it is going to be?"

It recalls the story of the young woman who asked a famous Senator how long he could speak on any given subject. "Well," he replied, "if I know a subject thoroughly, I can speak for as long as an hour or an hour and a half. But if it is a subject I know nothing about, I can speak indefinitely."

TWO TYPES OF LIQUOR ADVERTISING.

Two contrasting types of liquor advertising were on view the other day. At Columbus, the Ohio Liquor Board refused to approve a billboard picture showing a man and woman in bathing suits on a beach, as an advertisement for a certain brand of beer. One of the members of the board said: "I am utterly opposed to any form of lascivious advertising, and I believe the board should outlaw the use of women in all liquor and beer advertising."

The other type was the advertisement printed in the Post-Dispatch, in which one of the largest distilleries read a temperance lecture to its customers. It urged them to say No when asked to take "one drink too many." The advertisement differentiated between two kinds of drinking, one in moderation, the other in excess, "with the unpleasantness, embarrassment and regret it generally brings."

Since excess invites a return, if not to prohibition, to repression of the liquor traffic in various forms, it is the latter type of advertising which, in the long run, will pay the best dividends.



WHAT EUROPE IS READING.

Mr. Wallace Tries Again

Aims of new farm plan, to cut production and increase fertility, are hard to reconcile, writer says, as it is effort "to plow a furrow in two directions at once"; citing record of Federal Soil Conservation Service, he asserts it would get far better results from appropriation than can be had by dividing fund among growers.

Jonathan Mitchell in the New Republic.

THE new Soil-Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, or the SCADA, was formulated in a rush after the Supreme Court's invalidation of the AAA. Nevertheless, it is supposed to constitute a permanent national agricultural program. We are entitled to judge it as such. We ought to be able to find in it some unified, clearly announced aim, based on a coherent social point of view.

As stated by Mr. Roosevelt, one of the ends of the SCADA is to raise farm income. This is to be done, as under the AAA, chiefly by rewarding farmers for cutting down their production of cash crops. A second objective is to maintain and increase soil fertility. No one has yet explained how these two aims are to be reconciled.

If it is true that the prosperity of the farmer requires a reduction of our allegedly excess farm acreage, obviously what he needs is fewer fertile acres, not more. If good-sized deserts could be created in the Middle West and South, with cactus, gila monsters and bleached buffalo skulls, the farmer—according to administration doctrine—would be sitting pretty.

Messrs. Roosevelt and Wallace are trying to plow a furrow in two directions at once, which is a hard thing to do.

A number of authorities who deplore the restrictive half of the SCADA feel that it deserves support because of its provisions for soil conservation. There is no doubt about the urgent national need to check erosion, no doubt that we are destroying soil fertility at a rate that will half-ruin the country in another hundred years. But it seems to me the methods chosen by SCADA are inexcusably inefficient and expensive.

Like the AAA, the SCADA does not discriminate between farmers already using scientific technique and those who aren't. During the present year, for example, all farmers growing corn are asked to cut their acreage by 15 per cent. Among the Middle West corn farmers, there are some with vast knowledge of scientific agriculture, men who—among other conservation practices—have rotated their crops for years. In their case, it is ridiculous to say that the SCADA promotes soil conservation. Equally, in the Middle West there are some of the worst farmers in the world. For them, a cut of 15 per cent is wholly inadequate.

Under the AAA, the failure to distinguish among the varying circumstances of farmers was a steady source of protests. Their justice was freely admitted by Mr. Wallace. About a year ago, he undertook to set up his so-called plan for regional adjustment. This was a proposal for the scientific apportionment of production, first, among agricultural regions; next, among subdivisions within each region; last, among the counties and individual farms within each subdivision.

Here was national planning on a grand scale, and had Mr. Wallace persisted in it, the immense, cumbersome apparatus of the SCADA would have been unnecessary. The regional-adjustment plan was warmly welcomed by agricultural scientists, officials of land-grant colleges and the best farmers, but it apparently failed to catch the imagination of most of the rank and file. With the SCADA, Mr. Wallace made a new

effort to solve the problem. To quote from the SCADA's order to county committees: "Adjustments will be made where a farmer's soil-depleting or soil-conserving acreage is materially out of line with that of similar farms in the same locality." But since, in most cases, the members of a county committee will themselves suffer if exceptional adjustments are allowed, this solution seems unpromising.

The soil-conservation half of the SCADA is open to another, and far more serious, attack. Shortly after Mr. Roosevelt took office, a Federal Soil Conservation Service was created, devoted solely to that end. It has had an astounding success. With the co-operation of 12,000 farmers, it has set up 141 experimental areas, totaling 6,700,000 acres, and on this land it has permanently ended erosion. At Dalhart, Tex., near the center of the dust-storm area, H. H. Finnell—one of the geniuses of the Department of Agriculture—has checked blowing on 19,100 acres out of an experimental area of 19,700 acres.

Since 1933, the Soil Conservation Service has received \$47,000,000, some of which is still unspent. Its officials say that the top cost for controlling erosion over most of the country would be about \$5 an acre. A large part of the job consists of instructing farmers in improving techniques, and under the stimulus of the Soil Conservation Service, many farmers have begun to rotate their crops. They are doing voluntarily—without the hope of any reward other than the improvement of their land—all that the SCADA would bribe them to do at the rate of \$10 an acre, and they are doing a great deal more besides.

Experts say that if Messrs. Roosevelt and Wallace had been ready to turn over to the Soil Conservation Service the \$470,000,000 to be distributed through the SCADA in 1936, and had been ready to repeat this appropriation for two more years, the threat of erosion in this country would be definitely ended. In contrast, the methods of the SCADA by themselves will never stop erosion.

Perhaps the only way both permanently to improve the farmer's status and to assure all of us more and cheaper food and clothing is through the application of scientific techniques to agriculture. This is probable whether farmers are to be brought under a large measure of social control or left free to compete among themselves. There are many problems involved—an important one is the present grip of middlemen on the farmers' markets—that cannot be discussed here.

The SCADA, however, seems likely to serve as an instrument for saving the inefficient producer, and for keeping food and clothes high-priced. Because it is so largely concerned with restricting production, it is a poor device for soil conservation. Mr. Wallace and the men around him are the most brilliant group in the administration; we are entitled to something better from them.

DAWNING REALIZATION.

From the Atchison (Kan.) Globe.
Slowly but surely Americans are realizing this: There is no magic.

Ghost-Written Speeches

From the Richmond (Va.) Times-Dispatch.

IN THE Baltimore Sun, J. Fred Essary, who enjoys an unusually wide acquaintance with the public men of the nation and what they are doing, confirms the prevailing suspicion that many political celebrities, including Presidents, do not write all their speeches, but depend upon expert craftsmen or research attaches to compose them.

Mr. Harding, for example, had Judson C. Welliver for this work. Mr. Hoover leaned heavily upon French Strother and Ogden L. Mills, and even Alfred E. Smith, famous for his gift of saying things in a striking way, took Judge Proskauer along during the 1928 campaign to write the preliminary drafts of important utterances.

Delivery of ghost-written speeches, however, is not confined to occupants of the White House. Many a Congressman, Mr. Essary says, pays out cash for this sort of service. It will be remembered that, just a short time ago, Senator Dickinson sought to startle his colleagues with the statement that thousands of poverty-stricken Americans were eating dog food. Senators had evidence that the speech had been prepared in the Western headquarters of the Republican party in Chicago.

Mr. Essary recalls the amusing incident of two Representatives delivering identical memorial addresses. The same ghost writer had supplied both of them. Neither orator had listened to the other, and it was not until the Congressional Record appeared that the faux pas was discovered.

Shining examples of those who do not employ ghost writers, and would resent bitterly any such imputation, are provided in Senators Glass and Borah. Both men are known as speakers of great ability. The Idahoan has a polished, rhetorical style; the Virginian a clarity and incisiveness which distinguish all his addresses.

Like Mr. Essary, we can see no special impropriety in the delivery of ghost-written speeches, provided the addresses reflect the views of the men who deliver them. The President of the United States is a very busy man and he could not be expected to write all his orations for many and varied occasions. This applies with almost equal force to Governors.

At the moment, we are thinking of at least one public man whom a ghost writer has lifted from the depths of dullness almost to the heights of sparkling oratory. Mr. Hoover's speeches these days are actually worth reading. Ben Allen, his ghost writer, is well worth his hire.

FOREIGN-BORN AMERICANS.

From the New York Post.

A CERTAIN amount of alien-baiting is in evidence at this time. It is useful in breaking labor unions, in discrediting reform and in drawing attention away from abuses.

That is why we are glad to see the National Institute of Immigrant Welfare inaugurating annual awards for "distinguished citizens of foreign birth who have made significant contributions to American life."

One of the three winners is Dr. Alexis Carrel, world-famous medical scientist and Nobel Prize winner, author of "Man, the Unknown." Dr. Carrel is an American of French ancestry. He came here in 1908.

The others are Jonas Lie, one of the most famous of American painters, of Norwegian origin, and Dr. Walter Dammrosch, one of our most beloved musicians, who was born in Germany.

The awards call attention again to the part played in the building of America's greatness by the immigrant, and that all Americans are only "immigrants" a few generations removed.

HOUSE COMM
UNCERTAIN HO
ACT ON TOWN

Announces It Will
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Adjourns Without
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PENSION PROM
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Tells Five Lieuten
Refuse to Testify
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By PAUL Y. ANDER
A Staff Correspondent
Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—House Committee which investigating Dr. Francis Townsend and his old-age scheme, strove vainly to embarrass today, as year-old physician piled taunts of cowardice. After the committee to cite him tempt for walking out of the hearing Thursday, Townsend's defiance by ordering his lieutenants to ignore subpoenas.

Dr. Townsend was rep day to have left Baltimore sightseeing tour of historic Maryland. It was expected to be gone all day. In the committee's real little doctor could find no tify his belligerence. After nouncing that they had, amously to cite him, the serving all day yesterday closed doors, and finally with the announcement "definite action" had been would be taken before n. There was a well-found that James R. Sullivan, Kansas City lawyer who serving as chief counsel, to resign unless the d acted firmly within a d Sullivan is known to ha mended the initiation of proceedings.

"Plain Case of Co... Assuming that the hearing made to appear ridicul er representatives were tal night about taking the m of the committee's hands by ing it up on the floor. S. Byrns already had told n of the hearing with a s seemed to constitute "a p of contempt"—an impress the doctor himself took confirm.

The situation, in fact, idly assuming the aspects league. Since Townsend w of the hearing with the a ment that he was "tired o quation," the committee three executive sessions. conclusion of the first, afternoon, it made the a ment that it had voted to cite him. Townsend's c to the close of the second, yesterday morn nounced that Sullivan had rected "to submit reco tions."

After squabbling for m two hours behind closed d today afternoon, it made closure of "no definite a though the chairman, Re tive Jasper Bell (Dem.), declared that he personall the citation and trial of cose Californian.

Basis of Wrangle Much of the committee's discussion, waged, was over the question which send should be tried by t or turned over to the D. for prosecution in al Court.

Trial by the House w each representative pres

General

In Our Interna
Go to Sleep "W
of Anybody."

By GEN. HUGH S. JO

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 23.—When I was a boy, a piece called "The La United States could be at a surprise foray. It was as practicable by Pro Strategy Fieberger at Wes made an international st have always flattered m a little fillip to improvem defense.

Now there are hypothet lar articles by another g of young officers asserting vulnerability—especially t tacks. With due and und sympathy for such er stuff is wrong. It picture has changed. W longer vulnerable. Th power that could inva tinal United States.

The World War taught to mobilize both our a and our industry. We faster than anybody. I economic strategy. Th we must have reserves of officers and material. It

STEEL GROUP, SPECIALTIES LEAD QUE STOCK RISE

COMMODITY INDEX AVERAGES

TODAY'S NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

EARNINGS AND DIVIDENDS AT THE CLOSE

Metal Shares Reflect an Increase in Quotations for Semi-Finished and Finished Steel Products.

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, May 23.—Buoyed by the strength of steel and specialties, stocks got another grip on recovery in today's market.

A repetition of the recent quiet dealings, many issues pushed ahead fractions to 2 or more points. The close was firm. Transfers approximated 400,000 shares.

Business news brought out renewed demand for most leading equities. Steel reflected an increase in quotations for semi-finished and finished steel products.

Among the foremost gainers were U. S. Steel, Bethlehem, Youngstown Sheet & Tube, American Steel Foundries, Sears Roebuck, Montgomery Ward, Western Union, Pullman, DuPont, Douglas Aircraft, Johns-Manville, U. S. Smelting, U. S. Industrial Alcohol, Westinghouse, Santa Fe, Delaware and Hudson and N. Y. Central. Greyhound was up around 5 at its best in response to the declaration of an initial dividend.

The motors were only moderately ahead, as were most of the utilities and rails.

Wheat dropped about 2 cents a bushel at Chicago and other commodities were mixed. Bonds were fairly steady. The principal foreign currencies.

News of the Day.
While most traders were mindful of the old axiom, "never sell a dull market," the timidity of potential buyers continued as a depressing influence in brokerage quarters.

The opinion was that less than in financial circles that less than in seasonal recessions are in prospect for the major lines of industry. The accumulation of favorable earnings statements and better than expected dividend actions in many industries were also seen as encouraging.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Total sales today on the New York Stock Exchange amounted to 438,780 shares, compared with 679,030 yesterday, 370,990 a week ago and 492,830 a year ago. Total sales from January 1 to date were 338,017,313 shares, compared with 96,742,744 a year ago and 197,025,728 two years ago.

Following is a complete list of transactions giving sales, high, low, closing prices and net changes.

Stocks and Sales	High	Low	Close	Chg.
Am. Oil & Gas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Ry. & Elec.	11 1/2	11 1/4	11 1/2	+1/4
Am. Steel	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tobacco	13 1/2	13 1/4	13 1/2	+1/4
Am. Union	14 1/2	14 1/4	14 1/2	+1/4
Am. Water	15 1/2	15 1/4	15 1/2	+1/4
Am. Wire	16 1/2	16 1/4	16 1/2	+1/4
Am. Zinc	17 1/2	17 1/4	17 1/2	+1/4
Am. Iron	18 1/2	18 1/4	18 1/2	+1/4
Am. Lead	19 1/2	19 1/4	19 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tin	20 1/2	20 1/4	20 1/2	+1/4
Am. Copper	21 1/2	21 1/4	21 1/2	+1/4
Am. Nickel	22 1/2	22 1/4	22 1/2	+1/4
Am. Silver	23 1/2	23 1/4	23 1/2	+1/4
Am. Gold	24 1/2	24 1/4	24 1/2	+1/4
Am. Platinum	25 1/2	25 1/4	25 1/2	+1/4
Am. Palladium	26 1/2	26 1/4	26 1/2	+1/4
Am. Rhodium	27 1/2	27 1/4	27 1/2	+1/4
Am. Iridium	28 1/2	28 1/4	28 1/2	+1/4
Am. Osmium	29 1/2	29 1/4	29 1/2	+1/4
Am. Selenium	30 1/2	30 1/4	30 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tellurium	31 1/2	31 1/4	31 1/2	+1/4
Am. Vanadium	32 1/2	32 1/4	32 1/2	+1/4
Am. Zirconium	33 1/2	33 1/4	33 1/2	+1/4
Am. Niobium	34 1/2	34 1/4	34 1/2	+1/4
Am. Manganese	35 1/2	35 1/4	35 1/2	+1/4
Am. Chromium	36 1/2	36 1/4	36 1/2	+1/4
Am. Molybdenum	37 1/2	37 1/4	37 1/2	+1/4
Am. Barium	38 1/2	38 1/4	38 1/2	+1/4
Am. Strontium	39 1/2	39 1/4	39 1/2	+1/4
Am. Calcium	40 1/2	40 1/4	40 1/2	+1/4
Am. Magnesium	41 1/2	41 1/4	41 1/2	+1/4
Am. Potassium	42 1/2	42 1/4	42 1/2	+1/4
Am. Sodium	43 1/2	43 1/4	43 1/2	+1/4
Am. Lithium	44 1/2	44 1/4	44 1/2	+1/4
Am. Beryllium	45 1/2	45 1/4	45 1/2	+1/4
Am. Boron	46 1/2	46 1/4	46 1/2	+1/4
Am. Fluorine	47 1/2	47 1/4	47 1/2	+1/4
Am. Chlorine	48 1/2	48 1/4	48 1/2	+1/4
Am. Bromine	49 1/2	49 1/4	49 1/2	+1/4
Am. Iodine	50 1/2	50 1/4	50 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	51 1/2	51 1/4	51 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	52 1/2	52 1/4	52 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	53 1/2	53 1/4	53 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	54 1/2	54 1/4	54 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	55 1/2	55 1/4	55 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	56 1/2	56 1/4	56 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	57 1/2	57 1/4	57 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	58 1/2	58 1/4	58 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	59 1/2	59 1/4	59 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	60 1/2	60 1/4	60 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	61 1/2	61 1/4	61 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	62 1/2	62 1/4	62 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	63 1/2	63 1/4	63 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	64 1/2	64 1/4	64 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	65 1/2	65 1/4	65 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	66 1/2	66 1/4	66 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	68 1/2	68 1/4	68 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	69 1/2	69 1/4	69 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	70 1/2	70 1/4	70 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	71 1/2	71 1/4	71 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	72 1/2	72 1/4	72 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	73 1/2	73 1/4	73 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	74 1/2	74 1/4	74 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	75 1/2	75 1/4	75 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	76 1/2	76 1/4	76 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	77 1/2	77 1/4	77 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	78 1/2	78 1/4	78 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	79 1/2	79 1/4	79 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	80 1/2	80 1/4	80 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	81 1/2	81 1/4	81 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	82 1/2	82 1/4	82 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	83 1/2	83 1/4	83 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	84 1/2	84 1/4	84 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	85 1/2	85 1/4	85 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	86 1/2	86 1/4	86 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	87 1/2	87 1/4	87 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	88 1/2	88 1/4	88 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	89 1/2	89 1/4	89 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	90 1/2	90 1/4	90 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	91 1/2	91 1/4	91 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	92 1/2	92 1/4	92 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	93 1/2	93 1/4	93 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	94 1/2	94 1/4	94 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	95 1/2	95 1/4	95 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	96 1/2	96 1/4	96 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	97 1/2	97 1/4	97 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	98 1/2	98 1/4	98 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	99 1/2	99 1/4	99 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4

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Am. Tobacco	13 1/2	13 1/4	13 1/2	+1/4
Am. Union	14 1/2	14 1/4	14 1/2	+1/4
Am. Water	15 1/2	15 1/4	15 1/2	+1/4
Am. Wire	16 1/2	16 1/4	16 1/2	+1/4
Am. Zinc	17 1/2	17 1/4	17 1/2	+1/4
Am. Iron	18 1/2	18 1/4	18 1/2	+1/4
Am. Lead	19 1/2	19 1/4	19 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tin	20 1/2	20 1/4	20 1/2	+1/4
Am. Copper	21 1/2	21 1/4	21 1/2	+1/4
Am. Nickel	22 1/2	22 1/4	22 1/2	+1/4
Am. Silver	23 1/2	23 1/4	23 1/2	+1/4
Am. Gold	24 1/2	24 1/4	24 1/2	+1/4
Am. Platinum	25 1/2	25 1/4	25 1/2	+1/4
Am. Palladium	26 1/2	26 1/4	26 1/2	+1/4
Am. Rhodium	27 1/2	27 1/4	27 1/2	+1/4
Am. Iridium	28 1/2	28 1/4	28 1/2	+1/4
Am. Osmium	29 1/2	29 1/4	29 1/2	+1/4
Am. Selenium	30 1/2	30 1/4	30 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tellurium	31 1/2	31 1/4	31 1/2	+1/4
Am. Vanadium	32 1/2	32 1/4	32 1/2	+1/4
Am. Zirconium	33 1/2	33 1/4	33 1/2	+1/4
Am. Niobium	34 1/2	34 1/4	34 1/2	+1/4
Am. Manganese	35 1/2	35 1/4	35 1/2	+1/4
Am. Chromium	36 1/2	36 1/4	36 1/2	+1/4
Am. Molybdenum	37 1/2	37 1/4	37 1/2	+1/4
Am. Barium	38 1/2	38 1/4	38 1/2	+1/4
Am. Strontium	39 1/2	39 1/4	39 1/2	+1/4
Am. Calcium	40 1/2	40 1/4	40 1/2	+1/4
Am. Magnesium	41 1/2	41 1/4	41 1/2	+1/4
Am. Potassium	42 1/2	42 1/4	42 1/2	+1/4
Am. Sodium	43 1/2	43 1/4	43 1/2	+1/4
Am. Lithium	44 1/2	44 1/4	44 1/2	+1/4
Am. Beryllium	45 1/2	45 1/4	45 1/2	+1/4
Am. Boron	46 1/2	46 1/4	46 1/2	+1/4
Am. Fluorine	47 1/2	47 1/4	47 1/2	+1/4
Am. Chlorine	48 1/2	48 1/4	48 1/2	+1/4
Am. Bromine	49 1/2	49 1/4	49 1/2	+1/4
Am. Iodine	50 1/2	50 1/4	50 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	51 1/2	51 1/4	51 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	52 1/2	52 1/4	52 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	53 1/2	53 1/4	53 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	54 1/2	54 1/4	54 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	55 1/2	55 1/4	55 1/2	+1/4
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Am. Polonium	68 1/2	68 1/4	68 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	69 1/2	69 1/4	69 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	70 1/2	70 1/4	70 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	71 1/2	71 1/4	71 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	72 1/2	72 1/4	72 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	73 1/2	73 1/4	73 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	74 1/2	74 1/4	74 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	75 1/2	75 1/4	75 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	76 1/2	76 1/4	76 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	77 1/2	77 1/4	77 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	78 1/2	78 1/4	78 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	79 1/2	79 1/4	79 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	80 1/2	80 1/4	80 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	81 1/2	81 1/4	81 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	82 1/2	82 1/4	82 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	83 1/2	83 1/4	83 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	84 1/2	84 1/4	84 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	85 1/2	85 1/4	85 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	86 1/2	86 1/4	86 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	87 1/2	87 1/4	87 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	88 1/2	88 1/4	88 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	89 1/2	89 1/4	89 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	90 1/2	90 1/4	90 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	91 1/2	91 1/4	91 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	92 1/2	92 1/4	92 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	93 1/2	93 1/4	93 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	94 1/2	94 1/4	94 1/2	+1/4
Am. Actinium	95 1/2	95 1/4	95 1/2	+1/4
Am. Thorium	96 1/2	96 1/4	96 1/2	+1/4
Am. Radium	97 1/2	97 1/4	97 1/2	+1/4
Am. Polonium	98 1/2	98 1/4	98 1/2	+1/4
Am. Astatine	99 1/2	99 1/4	99 1/2	+1/4
Am. Francium	100 1/2	100 1/4	100 1/2	+1/4

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MURDER INQUIRY GOES INTO ACTIVITY OF SECRET SOCIETY

Detroit Prosecutor Receives Reports That Black Legion Has Terrorized Many Persons.

CHARGES AGAINST 7 TO BE FILED

Four Men Admit Taking Part in 'Execution' of WPA Worker, Accused of Mistreating Wife.

By the Associated Press.

DETROIT, May 23.—Prosecutor Duncan C. McCrea ordered an investigation today of reports that many persons had been terrorized by vigilantes of the Black Legion, secret society uncovered by the arrest of 16 men in connection with the "execution" of Charles A. Poole, WPA worker.

McCrea said the arrests had been followed by a stream of reports from citizens who said they had been the victims of the group, which he said was reported to have 10,000 members in Wayne (Detroit) County.

William W. Voisine, Ecorse Village manager, said police were investigating the possibility that members of the organization bombed his home last Aug. 7. Voisine's home was bombed while he and his wife and a 13-year-old son were asleep in upstairs bedrooms. None was injured by the blast.

McCrea said many of the calls came from persons who declared they were afraid to give their names. "All indications are that this is a powerful organization," he said.

16 Persons in Custody.
Police announced the arrest of 16 members of the Legion Friday, and four of them, Police Inspector John I. Navarre said, confessed they participated in the "execution" of Poole on a suburban road May 13 after he was accused of beating his wife.

"I am not satisfied that we have been told the real motive for the killing of Poole," McCrea said. "Certainly it was not for beating his wife; that's too fantastic to believe." Prosecutor McCrea announced he would apply for warrants for Urban Lipps, automobile factory worker; Harvey Davis, a "Colonel" of the Black Legion; Dayton Dean, 72; Paul R. Edwards and Edgar Irvin Lee, George C. Johnson, who Baldwin. He said Lipps and Davis had admitted they were present when Poole was taken to a country roadside and killed, and that Dean and Lee had confessed they fired the shots.

Nine other members of the secret society are being held for questioning.

Mrs. Poole denied today Poole had mistreated her.

Political Aspect.
Investigation has disclosed the hall used by the Black Legion was rented in the name of the Wolverine Republican League, whose members include several men in public life. McCrea said many members of the league had been identified with the Black Legion. He said the Black Legion "was known to the public as the United Brotherhood of America, but that among themselves the members refer to it as the Black Legion, which is the name under which it was organized."

Lipps said the head of the order, who bore the title "Major General," was "a man named Wilbur—I can't think of his last name." Literature of the United Brotherhood of America, found in the hall where it met and in the homes of members, indicated that it was anti-Communist, anti-Catholic, anti-Jewish, and anti-Negro. Police said some of the members insisted it was the parent organization of the original Ku Klux Klan.

Member's Story.
Lipps said he joined the Black Legion six months ago.

"I had to kneel down," he said, "and then a man held a gun at my heart and made me swear something. I can't remember what it was. I couldn't think of anything but that loaded gun." "The Black Legion is something like the Ku Klux Klan, only it is a higher organization. To belong to the Legion, you have to have been a member of the Ku Klux Klan. The dues are 10 cents a month."

"The head of the organization is called 'Major General,' and the other officers have military titles, down to corporal. I was just a private. The officers wear black robes with the skull and cross bones on them."

White robes, bearing a different insignia, also were found in the search by police.

"The first ride I took part in was the night Poole was killed," Lipps said. "I never took part in any flings, but I heard of several."

Ince Annulment Suit.

By the Associated Press.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 23.—Charlotte Buford, 18 years old, who eloped to Yuma two days ago with Richard Ince, son of the late Thomas Ince, movie producer, filed suit for an annulment yesterday. When the two returned from their airplane dash to Arizona, the parents of each announced that an annulment would be sought.

Regalia of "Black Legion"



DETROIT policeman posing in one of the hooded robes worn by members of the secret society which is under inquiry as a result of the "execution" of a man accused of beating his wife.

SCOUTS BEING TESTED IN CAMPARALL TODAY

1400 Inspected After Night Spent in Tents in Forest Park.

Fourteen hundred Boy Scouts, chosen by their troops for proficiency in outdoor activities, set up camp last night on the old aviation field in Forest Park for the ninth annual camparall of the St. Louis Scout Council. The camparall, a public demonstration of scout skill, will continue until 4 p. m. tomorrow.

Between 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when the starting gun was fired, and sunset, about 900 tents of brown and white canvas were erected on the large field, bordering Oakland avenue opposite Forest Park Highlands. Each patrol of eight boys was assigned an area 40 feet square where it could arrange its camping equipment in any way it liked.

After carrying their duffel bags, camp tables, tents, stoves and food boxes to the field from trucks and automobiles, the scouts went to work pitching the tents. Some patrols had prepared designs of their camp arrangements and knew exactly the spot where each stake and tent pole should be placed. Others, less methodical, held noisy consultations about those matters.

Free-for-All Averted.
One South St. Louis troop narrowly averted a free-for-all when an older scout, after inspecting the tents, said, "Well, it's all got to come down." The smaller boy said that he knew who was to blame and began to sulk. But the tents came down and were put up again in perfect order.

At 8 o'clock the scout leaders, who had paid no attention to how the camps had been pitched, went down through the long streets with flashlights, inspecting what had been done. They looked at the beds, most of which were made on the ground in the "pup" tents, examined the food and fuel stored away in boxes for use today, and looked at the mess tables. When the observers moved on, the boys gathered in groups to speculate on their scores.

Since cooking was not required last night, the majority of the patrols brought down from home in order not to clutter up the sites with ashes and splinters. The call to quarters sounded at 9 o'clock and, when taps was blown at 10, the camp was quiet and dark except for the headquarters tents at the end of the street. There was no noise from the amusement park nearby, but not from the scouts, since it would have counted against them in the scoring.

Dust and Wind.
Dust was an inch deep in the headquarters area and a strong wind blew it up from the ground in clouds as the boys dragged their duffel bags to their stations. Many of the 200 man leaders of the camp were at the field in mid-afternoon and by night wished they could go home for a bath. They slept on cots in the headquarters tents.

The camp awoke at 6 o'clock this morning. Breakfast, an important test of cookcraft, and personal inspection were finished by 10, in time for the first three of the eight specific tests which were to be taken today. Each scout in each patrol was expected to be prepared for any one of the tests when called.

Map making, fire by friction, compass, tracking, pioneering, and nature study were among the subjects and in the campmaster, Col. H. D. McBride, St. Louis scout commissioner, might choose to have the boys examined.

DENIES OFFERING PAY TO WILL SUIT WITNESS

Grand Nephew Says He Had Suggested Guardian for Woman Who Left \$280,000.

Trial of the suit to break the will of Mrs. Frida Will, filed by her grandniece and nephew, who contend she was of unsound mind when she left the bulk of her \$280,000 estate to the St. Louis Altheim and only \$5000 each to them, was continued until Monday, when it will be resumed before a jury, with Circuit Judge Frank C. O'Malley presiding.

The contestants, Charles T. Kollas and Mrs. Hazel Hartig, testified yesterday in their own behalf, concluding four days of testimony presented in an effort to show that the mental condition of their great-aunt in 1924, when her will was drawn, was such that she failed to distribute her estate as normally contemplated.

Kollas in cross-examination denied that he had offered Miss Helen Herman, known as Lena during her 27 years of household service at the Will home, \$5000 if she would give testimony that would assist him and his sister in their efforts to break the will. Miss Herman, who had received a \$10,000 check from Mrs. Will, who later took it back and tore it up, was left \$2500 by her employer.

Suggested Guardian.
Although he had helped his Aunt Frida make tax returns from 1924 until her death 10 years later, he did not know that she had a "lot of money," Kollas testified. Each Christmas he sent her a basket of delicacies, he said, and during prohibition gave her whisky and wine, which she used in making eggnog, her favorite medicine and beverage. He doubted her mental stability, he said, and in a discussion of \$20,000 in gifts she had made to the Altheim and to Lena, the latter withdrawn, a relative had suggested a guardian for Mrs. Will.

Miss Herman, the first witness for the Altheim and other charities participating in the estate, told her employer's often expressed affection for the institution. Each Christmas and on her birthday, Mrs. Will sent checks for food and presents for the residents. Of her mental condition, the housekeeper said she never observed Mrs. Will do anything that would indicate she was not mentally sound, and that her chief concern as to health was due to the word of a physician that she "had a spot on her eye." This led her to fear blindness, Miss Herman said.

Testimony of Housekeeper.
Kollas, who was once refused admission to her home by Mrs. Will, according to the witness, had offered her \$5000 to testify in his behalf in the will contest; but she had replied: "No, I'm for the truth," she said. Kollas, on the witness stand, stated that he had told the housekeeper only that he would not disturb any bequests except that to the Altheim, which he did not consider a charitable organization, if he were successful in breaking the will.

At the conclusion of testimony a number of snapshots of Mrs. Will, taken in 1924 and 1925, were submitted to the jury by the proponents of the will, to show her apparent well-being about the time her will was drawn.

Memorial Services Tomorrow.
Memorial services for war dead will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning at Memorial Park Cemetery by the Fire Department, Marine Corps, 138th Infantry Stockham and Richard Anderson poets, American Legion. There will be a salute by a firing squad and graves of war dead, including about 75 former members of the 138th Infantry, will be decorated.

PIERSON DEFENSE ATTACK AGAINST COTHAM BLOCKED

Court Sustains State's Objections to Offering of Medical Testimony About Witness.

An attempt by the defense to go into the medical history of Robert H. Cotham, convict and former hotel clerk, who was the State's principal witness this week in the third murder trial of Ralph Pierson, was interrupted today when Circuit Judge James M. Douglas sustained a State objection to the defense attack on its witness. The charge against Pierson grew out of the burning of the Buckingham Annex, Dec. 5, 1927, in which seven lives were lost.

The State's objection to the introduction of City Hospital records dealing with treatment of Cotham was on the ground that the records were confidential matter between a patient and his physicians, and to introduce them would be an invasion of Cotham's rights. The records showed that Cotham was a patient at the hospital in 1923, 1924 and following his arrest in 1930. When Judge Douglas sustained the objection of Assistant Circuit Attorney John L. Sullivan, defense counsel Verne Lacy asked for an adjournment to allow time for him to consult decisions and the law on the subject. Court adjourned shortly before noon until 10 a. m. Monday.

Five character witnesses testified today, each stating that Pierson bore a good reputation among business associates before the fire. They were: John Mapes; A. P. Garvin, a retired banker; Dominick Tarella, restaurant proprietor; George Ryan, an attorney, and J. L. Carthern.

Yesterday's Testimony.
Lacy set out yesterday to prove his contention that Pierson, who owned 40 per cent of the stock in the Buckingham Realty Co., could not have profited through burning the annex. He called on Francis T. Amond, who was auditor for the receiver for the Buckingham Realty Co., and Orville Livingston, manager of the St. Louis Association of Credit Men, trustee in bankruptcy, to detail the financial situation of the company.

Amond testified that, when the receiver took charge in the autumn of 1927, secured and unsecured debts against the annex property aggregated \$391,484, or \$96,484 more than the fire insurance in force.

Livingston explained that the mortgage holders were preferred creditors, with general creditors next in line of distribution, and the stockholders collecting anything remaining after the others were paid. So far, Livingston said, general creditors have collected about 16 per cent on their claims.

Attempt to Show Hazard.
In an attempt to show that the old-style electric wiring and construction of the annex constituted a constant fire hazard, Lacy placed Herman H. Kreug, electrician and maintenance man at the hotel, on the witness stand. The witness, describing the annex in underwriters' terms, said it was a fourth-class building of brick and wood construction. The electric wires were not set in conduits, as in modern buildings, but were "open," according to Kreug, who explained that "open" wires were subject to wear and short circuits.

Asked if he had ever reported routine repair matters to Pierson, the witness said he had, and Pierson had always "co-operated," directing that necessary repairs be made immediately. On cross-examination Kreug said he had never heard a suggestion that the old annex was to be replaced by a modern hotel.

Police Lieutenant Fred Egenrieder testified that two small electric stoves were found in the annex ruins. Investigation showed, he stated, that one of the so-called "hot plates" was used in room 137, described as the point where the fire started. The appliance stood on a pile of newspapers on a trunk when last seen before the fire, according to Egenrieder, who said one switch was turned on.

Character Witnesses.
W. S. Ford, president of the Ford Hotel Supply Co., and J. P. Ferry, former bookkeeper at the Buckingham Hotel, testified to Pierson's good reputation among business associates before the fire.

George Ott, former jail guard, testified that Cotham was regarded at the jail as insane and a liar. The State brought in reference to Pierson's two previous convictions in the case through cross-examination of Ott. Replying to questions by Assistant Circuit Attorney John L. Sullivan, Ott said that following Pierson's second conviction, in which a life sentence was imposed, he remarked to the defendant, "you got off easier this time." The jury in the first trial returned a death verdict, but both convictions were reversed by the Missouri Supreme Court.

Pierson is expected to take the stand in his own defense next week. The trial is before a jury in Circuit Judge James M. Douglas' court.

HEARINGS ON TAX APPEALS TO SHIFT TO KANSAS CITY

Testimony on Valuation of East Side Land Held by Pitzman-Methudy Estate Are Concluded.

Testimony over value of East Side river-front industrial land of the Pitzman-Methudy trust estate, begun before William W. Arnold of the United States Board of Tax Appeals at the New Federal Building Wednesday, was concluded today. The case, in which the Government has claimed income tax deficiency and interest of \$77,988, was taken under submission, both sides being given until the middle of September to file briefs.

Arnold, a former Congressman, and Government attorneys will move to Kansas City to open other hearings Monday. A session was held last night.

Frank R. Burgess, an Internal Revenue Bureau agent, concluding his testimony for the Government, told how he had appraised 1154 acres of the tract in 1918 for inheritance tax purposes in the estate of Edward C. Kehr, lawyer, who had been co-owner of the entire tract of 2400 acres with Julius Pitzman. He said the Kehr heirs asserted the value of the 1154 acres was \$100,000, but that he had made the value \$322,837 and taxes were paid on the latter figure without protest.

Point at Issue.
In the current hearing the object of the Government has been to place the 1918 values comparative-

ly low, to support the claim for taxes on the profits, or difference between those values and the subsequent comparatively high sale prices of the land. On the other hand, the trust estate has sought to show the spread was not great, by testimony that the 1918 values were higher. Sales, on which the deficiency income tax was claimed, were made in 1922, 1926 and 1928, at \$847 to \$4166 an acre.

Burgess related that he arrived at his appraisal value after talking with reputable realty men and others. He said he conferred with Thomas L. Fekete, A. W. Beckwith, P. J. Sousey and E. E. Miller, East St. Louis real estate dealers, who told him the land was worth \$300 to \$1000 an acre, depending on location, the river-front section being worth the most. He spoke also to I. J. Schock, vice-president of the Indianapolis Refining Co., who gave a value of \$400 an acre; the late John F. Queeny, head of the Monsanto Chemical Co., which had bought land in the district at \$800 to \$1000 an acre, although Queeny, believing there never would be a market for all the land, thought the property in the district could have been syndicated at \$400 an acre, and to L. E. Fisher, president of the St. Louis Coke & Chemical Co., which had bought an adjoining site, Fisher thinking the Pitzman-Methudy tract might have been sold at \$500 an acre.

At first, Burgess continued, he valued the tract at \$475 an acre, but Pitzman argued that was too high and agreed to \$400 as fair, although he thought a sale price might not exceed \$300.

Government Witness.
Charles J. Schiele, East St. Louis real estate dealer and appraiser, taking the stand as an expert for the Government, valued the tract at \$250 an acre, as of 1918. "Industrial property becomes such only when an industry buys and moves in," he said. "Much of the land in this tract is farm land and some of it is not especially good for that. Sales in the district all have been special purpose sales, such as sites on the river adapted for industries using much water. "It was fortunate that Pitzman

and Kehr were wealthy men or they never would have held on to this property. As a matter of fact, they even have been able to hold on if they had paid proper taxes, but they didn't; they got away with murder." Everybody on the East Side knew Pitzman had not paid taxes that were due on the properties. At one time before the sales, taxes, as shown on the books, were \$1100 a year. The tax rate in St. Clair County, where the property was situated, at that time varied between \$3.50 and \$4.50 on the \$100, on a 40 per cent valuation."

More Real Estate Testimony.
Values in 1918 of various portions of the tract were given by another Government witness, Robert M. Smith, East St. Louis real estate man for 34 years. In his opinion, he said, the 51.6 acres, for which Union Electric Light & Power Co. later paid \$4100 an acre for its Cahokia generating plant, was worth \$400 an acre.

He gave values of other sections which subsequently sold at higher prices as follows: Lewin Metals Co., \$800 an acre; Midwest Rubber Co., \$800 an acre; Mobile & Ohio Railroad, \$350 an acre; Phillips Petroleum Co., \$400 to \$450 an acre. There was no great demand for land in this vicinity in 1918, he added, except for industries manufacturing war materials.

Co-Trustee Cross-examined.
Charles E. Richardson, co-trustee of the Pitzman-Methudy estate, was recalled for cross-examination by the Government today. He had testified Thursday to 1918 values higher than those given by the Government witnesses, particularly saying the Union Electric site was worth \$7500 to \$10,000 an acre. The Government had him identify a 1920 claim for abatement of taxes on the Kehr estate, in which he set up the value of Kehr's half-interest in what remained unsold of the Pitzman-Kehr tract as \$50,000. At that time the Government valued this interest at \$131,866. The claim for tax abatement was rejected.

Leo Johnson of Belleville, East St. Louis real estate dealer, last witness today for the Government, gave testimony apparently designed

to answer that of the trust estate that the land reached a peak of value in 1918. He quoted values of all building construction in East St. Louis as \$886,086, in 1918, \$1,444,000 in 1917, \$1,495,000 in 1919 and \$2,000,000 in 1920, and gave values of industrial construction in the Missouri portion of the metropolitan area as follows: 1918, \$123,914; 1919, \$2,349,930; 1919, \$6,570,758.

Rebuttal witnesses for the trust estate were Fred Pitzman, a co-trustee, and Vernon Clark, an East St. Louis real estate man, who declared there had been much activity in East Side industrial real estate in 1918, but that it did not show up in public building records until later.

WEBSTER GROVES PARK POLL

Request Made to Council to Vote on \$175,000 Bond Issue.
A request that a special election be called to vote on a \$175,000 bond issue to purchase and equip two parks will be made to the City Council Monday night by the Webster Groves Civic Committee. The committee, composed of 30 representatives of civic and service organizations appointed by Mayor John B. Chipman and headed by the Rev. Peter J. Dooley, will recommend the purchase of a 40-acre tract at Glendale and Selma avenue where a swimming pool, tennis courts and a baseball diamond will be installed for use of white residents. It is proposed that \$20,000 be used to acquire land and equip a park for Negroes.

MAN, 66, ENDS LIFE WITH GAS

Body of John Horvath Found When Neighbors Smell Fumes.
John Horvath, 66 years old, ended his life with gas yesterday at his home, 2547W Dodder street. Neighbors smelled gas and called police, who found the body leaning over a gas range, with a blanket over the head. A burner was open, but unlighted. In Horvath's hand was a farewell note. A daughter, Mrs. Sophia Leh, 2600W Hebert street, told officers her father appeared in good spirits when she saw him Thursday night.

A New Rob Eden Story FOR LOVE OR MONEY



● Brenda Fayre was willing to sacrifice almost anything to give her crippled sister a chance to walk again. But, when it became a question of sacrificing her own love and happiness, she was confronted with a difficult choice.

The story of Brenda's problem and its solution is one of the most refreshing and engrossing romances that Rob Eden has written. You'll want to read every installment of this new love story by the author of Dancing Feet, Golden Goddess, Want Ad Heiress, Jennifer Hale and a dozen other popular novels.

FOR LOVE OR MONEY

Begins Next Monday
In the Daily Magazine of the

POST-DISPATCH



PART TWO.

BROWN SOLTERS H A HOME R JACK KN IS EFFECT

By James M. Gove.
Of the Post-Dispatch Sports.
CHICAGO, May 23.—Applauding the first game of the White Sox, Hornsby sent Jack Knott to the second game this afternoon in the hope of an even better Knott drive tall Mottley, a right hander, as his Sam West returned to the center for the second game. When this game started, attendance had increased to 8000.

Hubbard, Dinneen and were the umpires. The game: FIRST INNING.—Bryant doubled to left. Clift to Appling. Dykes threw to Larry going to third. Appling popped to Appling.

WHITE SOX.—Kreevich Solters. Larry made a ground ball. Walker walked. Bonura was picked off first. Bottomley, in swinging a tag him, Bottomley struck in the right shoulder, which forced that it was dislocated. He had to retire from the game. SECOND.—BROWNS.—Went to center and Rad left field for the White Sox singled to right. West doubled play. Piet struck to Bonura. Appling threw to Bonura. Appling threw to Bonura.

WHITE SOX.—Larry great play on Bonura's and threw him out. Appling to Bell. Piet singled to Dykes grounded to Bottomley. THIRD.—BROWNS.—G doubled to right. Knott tried to sacrifice and then took strike. Larry popped to Clift. Clift filed to Kreevich. WHITE SOX.—Bell made running catch of Sewell's. Stratton popped to Carey, who filed to West. FOURTH.—BROWNS.—grounded to Appling. Bonura singled to center. Stratton out. Bell. West walked. lined to Dykes.

WHITE SOX.—Haas was out on strikes. Knott hit Radcliff. Bonura filed to Clift. FIFTH.—BROWNS.—filed to Kreevich. Knott tried to sacrifice and then took strike. Larry popped to Clift. Clift was called out on strike. WHITE SOX.—Appling West. Piet walked. West a great running catch of drive. Sewell singled to Clift. Clift hit third. It second hit off Knott. struck out.

SIXTH.—BROWNS.—hit into the right center for a home run. Bottomley walked to Bonura. Bell walked. West. Haas. Stratton threw to ONE RUN. WHITE SOX.—Kreevich Haas bunted but forced Clift to Larry. Radcliff sent fly to West. Bonura filed to West.

SEVENTH.—BROWNS.—struck out. Knott singled to right center. Larry grounded to Clift. Clift was out on the strike. WHITE COCKADE WINS WITH

WHITE COCKADE WINS WITH

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, May 23.—Phipps' White Cockade, a 3-year-old colt, today, J. E. Widener's Brevity, lengths in the sixty-first of the Withers Mile at Park. The Wheatley Stable, stablemate of the winner, third in the field of 10 th-olds.

Under the guidance of Litzberger, White Cockade made the mile in 1:37 1-5, slow comparison with the track of 1:35. Brevity got away but moved up fast. In the last 100 yards he took a mile to take honors by four lengths over a failure in both the Derby and Preakness.

ILLINOIS WILL OPPOSE NOTRE DAME IN CHAMPAIGN, Ill., May 23.—Notre Dame will play the gridiron in 1937, Athletic for Groves Huff announced. The schools, which oppose each other in football last in the meet here Oct. 9, 1937.

SQUAD ZIVIC SURPRISES WITH 30-SECOND KNOCKOUT OF CELEBRON

CHNOULY, MILES, MATTHEWS AND MARTINEZ ARE OTHER WINNERS

Webb Floors Miles but Johnny Piles Up Big Point Margin — Singer Unable to Cope With Southpaw.

By W. J. McGoogan

Four things stand out today in the minds of boxing followers who saw the auditorium program last night. First Fritzie Zivic, Pittsburgh welterweight has moved up in the ranking considerably after his 30-second knockout of Billy Celebron. Allen Matthews is more of a title threat in either the middleweight or the light-heavyweight division than ever; Joe Ghnoully is restored to a contending position in the lightweight class and Johnny Miles is Jimmy Webb's master.

Miles is Jimmy Webb's master. Webb's victory probably was the important happening on the card, from a title standpoint but Matthews' smashing 10-round verdict over Billy Ketchell of Philadelphia was not far behind. Allen won seven of the 10 rounds and the other three were about even and he proved again that if he is to be defeated none but the best will do it.

Ghnoully fought one of the best, if not the best fight, of his career in winning over Eddie Zivic, Fritz's brother. The Allen avenue boy fought all the way in his best style, using particularly a right-hand uppercut to the body effectively.

Miles Wins, Though Floored.

Miles was on the canvas for a count of eight in the fifth round but piled up sufficient margin in other rounds to offset Webb's advantage in that one to gain his second victory over Jimmy in a few months. Previously he had stopped him in six rounds. Theirs was the opening bout of the program and was the closest and hardest fought of the evening.

Only the Emilio Martinez-Izzy Singer bout was disappointing. And in that one Martinez punched out a clear edge over Singer in a contest which the fans booed, unfairly it seemed. The two men were plugging all the way but the bout was not sensational and not thrilling to watch, particularly following the two gripping battles which preceded it in Webb and Miles and Ghnoully and Eddie Zivic.

Miles carried a black eye into the ring with him suffered in training but he went to work immediately with the left hand which brought him his victory over Webb before.

Both fought cautiously in the opening round which was about even, but in the second Miles gained the edge piling up points by pecking at Webb's nose with his left hand.

He soon had Webb's nose bleeding but in the third he suffered a bad cut over his right eye which threatened to interfere seriously with his subsequent efforts. And also in this round Webb struck Miles low, unintentionally, several times. John seemed to have the edge on the strength of the four fouls and also won the fourth.

Then, just as his supporters were visualizing an easy triumph, he ran into one of Webb's stiff punches and hit the floor. He took a count of eight but got up fighting.

Miles Fouts Webb.

He carried three of the next five rounds and in the seventh had Webb in danger of going to the floor from the effects of a smashing right-hand to the head. In the eighth Miles struck Webb a low blow and referee Tommy Sullivan stopped the bout to admonish Johnny and give Webb a little rest.

The ninth was about even but Miles dispelled all doubt as to the victor with a fine finish in the tenth round in which he left-handed Webb all over the ring.

Ghnoully found Eddie Zivic hard to reach at the outset because of the Pittsburgh boy's longer arms, but in the third he opened a cut over Eddie's right eye and won the round, using his right hand to advantage.

He came back to win the fourth and the fifth, was even while Eddie won the sixth, the last in which he had an edge. Joe struck Eddie a little low in the session but Zivic permitted a rest and went right on battling.

The cut over Eddie's eye kept getting worse and finally in the tenth Sullivan stopped the boys to look over the damage. He daubed the eye with his handkerchief to see how badly it was cut but finally permitted Eddie to have his way and finish.

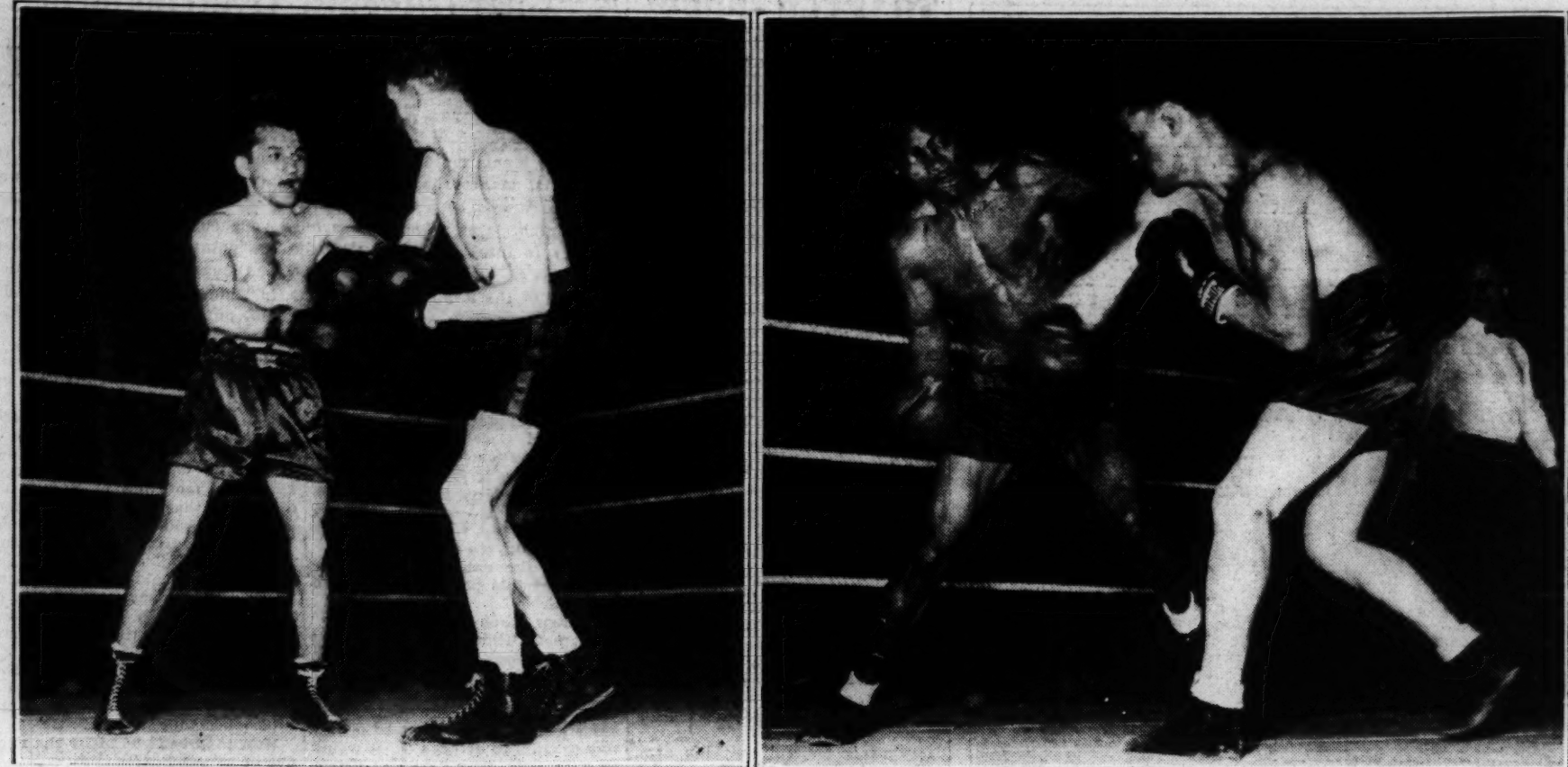
Kitchell Rashes Matthews.

Kitchell started as though he might upset Matthews. He is a strong fellow. He rushed at Allen at the outset and scored with a smashing overhand right which knocked Matthews into the ropes. But Matthews immediately came back with a powerful left-hand attack, rocking Billy and scored heavily with a right hand.

Matthews continued to work his way in the second round and followed with rights which had Kitchell hanging on.

Somewhere in the third round Matthews landed a blow to Kitchell's left eye and after that Billy complained that he could hardly see.

The Leather-Pushing Business Enjoys a Big Evening at the Auditorium



Left—Joe Ghnoully (facing the camera) gives Eddie Zivic a decisive trimming. Right—Allen Matthews (left) and Billy Ketchell in hard rally, with Referee Walter Heisner looking on. Ketchell has just missed a right and has his left poised. Matthews appears about to counter with his right.

\$25,000 Offer for London Bout Fails To Tempt Max Baer

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23.—TO MAX BAER, \$25,000 is no inducement to take a trip to London.

Anell Hoffman, Baer's manager, reported today he had received such an offer from Promoter Halls of Wembley Stadium, London, for a bout between Baer and Jack Peterson, English heavyweight champion.

"A Holland fight club is willing to give Baer \$40,000 for such a fight of another bout with Walter Neusel," said Hoffman.

Meanwhile the ex-heavyweight champion is conditioning himself for a fight in September. He hopes his opponent will be James J. Braddock.



Matthews slips his head inside of Ketchell's left lead and crosses his right. His left is ready to follow up.

Grant Wins From Allison, 6-1, Then Drops 13-11 Set in Davis Cup Tennis Practice Contest

By the Associated Press.

HAVERFORD, Pa., May 20.—Bryan Grant served his most forcible notice yesterday on Davis Cup followers in general and Wilmer Allison in particular that he can't be overlooked yet for the international tennis wars.

In a bitter struggle the Atlanta "Atom" split two sets with Allison, who is regarded as the only man between him and a possible singles berth for the American zone cup final with the Australian racket wielder, May 30.

Rushing things from the start in the first of the exhibitions that are expected to decide the playing positions in the Australian match, Grant swept the first set, 6-1, in fast time, and took a 3-0 lead in the second before Allison put on pressure and pulled up. Grant, however, continued to give the national champion plenty of trouble, and before the set ended it went 24 games, with Allison on top, 13-11. Watching them were 2000 net followers, jammed into Merion Cricket Club's stands. In the crowd was the entire Australian team of Jack Crawford, Adrian Quist, Vivian McGrath and Manager Clarence Sproule, all of whom took a "day off."

Sharing the interest with the Allison-Grant engagement was Don Budge's fine showing against the veteran Karel Kozeluh, the Czech professional, who has been helping train American Davis Cup performers for the last two years. Budge won, 6-3, 6-2.

The third exhibition brought together John Van Ryn and Gene Mako. Van Ryn took the first two sets, 6-2, 6-4, and dropped the third, 5-7, after holding set point at 6-3.

PERRY, AUSTIN IN SEMIFINALS OF HARD COURT TENNIS EVENT

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, May 23.—Jacques Brugnon and Christian Bousquet of France today eliminated the highly-favored German Davis Cup combination, Gottfried von Cramm and Karl Lund, in the quarterfinals round of the French hard courts tennis doubles championship. The scores were 6-4, 9-7, 2-6, 6-4.

The advance of Brugnon and Bousquet made the semifinals a strictly Franco-British affair. Their opponents in the penultimate round will be their compatriots, Marcel Bernard and the veteran Jean Borotra.

The other semifinal encounter matches England's cup singles stars, Fred Perry and H. W. (Bunny) Austin, against John Bull's regular international doubles team George P. Hughes and Charles R. D. Tuckey.

Perry defeated Roger George of France, 7-5, 8-6, 9-7, in a second round singles match in defense of the title he won a year ago.

Other second round singles results: Heiner Henkel, Germany, defeated Pierre Merin, France, 6-0, 6-1, 6-1; Adam Bavarowski, Austria, defeated Jacques Weiss, France, 7-5, 8-6, 6-4.

First round results: Jacques Jamin, France, defeated Max Ellmer, Switzerland, 6-1, 6-4, 6-3; Pierre Geilhard, Belgium, defeated Georges Glasser, France, 7-5, 4-6, 6-3, 6-2; Pierre Landry, France, defeated Giorgio Nicolaidis, Greece, 6-1, 7-5, 1-6, 6-1.

In the women's singles, Phyllis Xidis, Greece No. 1 player, defeated Switzerland, 6-1, 6-4, 9-7, 6-0, in a first round.

Mme. Simone Mathieu of France and Billy Yorke of England, and Susan Noel of England and Jadwiga Jedzejowska of Poland gained the final round of the women's doubles.

Mme. Mathieu and her English partner defeated Nellie Adamson and Jeanne Demueneester of Belgium, 6-0, 6-4. Miss Noel and Mlle. Jedzejowska scored a 6-3, 6-0 victory over the French team of Simone Iribarne and Edith Belliard.

Bernard Destremeg, 19-year-old French star, defeated William Patterson of the United States, 6-2, 6-1, 6-0, in a second round match. Jacques Vandensynend, Belgium, trimmed Robert Billaut, France, 7-5, 6-3, 6-2, in another second rounder.

Susan Noel and George P. Hughes, England, defeated Simone Iribarne and Jean Borotra, France, 6-1, 8-6, in a mixed doubles quarter-final and qualified to meet Miss York and Bernard in the next round.

The other semi-finalists in the mixed doubles competition will be Mme. Sylvia Henrotin and Andre Martin-Legeay, France, and Mme. Simone Mathieu and Jean Lesueur, France. The former combination defeated Frau Hilda Krawinkel, Germany, and Denmark, and Antoine Gentien, France, 6-1, 6-3, while Mme. Mathieu-Lesueur conquered Marie-Louise Horn and Karl Lund, Germany, 7-9, 8-6, 6-9.

Second round men's singles results: H. W. (Bunny) Austin, England, won from Edouard Duplax, France, by default; William Steiner, Switzerland, defeated Pierre Chavallier, France, 6-2, 6-3, 6-6, 6-1.

First round results: Roland Journe, France, defeated Josef Mitic, Yugoslavia, 7-5, 8-10, 6-4, 6-1; Max Fisher, Switzerland, defeated Yvon Peters, France, 2-6, 6-3, 6-0, 5-1.

NEBRASKA, AS EXPECTED, IS EARLY LEADER IN BIG SIX MEET

By the Associated Press.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 23.—Winning 10 points in the 100-yard dash and taking first places in three events, the favored Nebraska Cornhuskers led the field at the end of seven events in the Big Six track and field meet here today with a total of 27.13 points.

Kansas State was in second place with 25½ points, followed by Oklahoma with 15½, Kansas with 14.5-6, Iowa State with 13 and Missouri with 8.5-6.

Times were good in all running events, but no records were perilled. San Francisco, Nebraska shot put, expected to set a new record in the event, failed when his best toss was 48 feet 11½ inches. The record is 51 feet 3½ inches, set by Elwyn Dees of Kansas last year.

The 120-yard high hurdles saw one of the closest finishes among the early events. Stanley Haight of Nebraska nosed out Hotchkiss of Kansas State by inches. The time was 14.7 seconds.



The Passing Show.

OUR Brownies had a gala week. They pulled a three-game winning streak.

The longest of the season. While as a streak it won't compare with other streaks, its pretty fair—To scoff it there's no reason.

Their pitching's more reliable. And any team they're liable To put upon the hummer. They've just begun to hit their stride, And in the cellar won't abide. The balance of the summer.

The Cards are showing lots of speed, And recently they grabbed the lead From Willie Terry's Giants. In fact, the Gas House Gang is hot, And have been playing 'with a lot Of vigor, vim and science.

THE SUMMARIES

MILE RUN—Won by Wheeler, Kansas State, 4:48. Second, Nebraska, 4:52. Third, Nebraska, 4:58. Fourth, Nebraska, 5:02. Fifth, Nebraska, 5:08. Sixth, Nebraska, 5:12. Seventh, Nebraska, 5:18. Eighth, Nebraska, 5:22. Ninth, Nebraska, 5:28. Tenth, Nebraska, 5:32.

10-YARD DASH—Won by Jacobson, Nebraska, 17.2. Second, Nebraska, 17.8. Third, Nebraska, 18.2. Fourth, Nebraska, 18.8. Fifth, Nebraska, 19.2. Sixth, Nebraska, 19.8. Seventh, Nebraska, 20.2. Eighth, Nebraska, 20.8. Ninth, Nebraska, 21.2. Tenth, Nebraska, 21.8.

120-YARD HIGH HURDLES—Won by Haight, Nebraska, 14.7. Second, Nebraska, 15.2. Third, Nebraska, 15.8. Fourth, Nebraska, 16.2. Fifth, Nebraska, 16.8. Sixth, Nebraska, 17.2. Seventh, Nebraska, 17.8. Eighth, Nebraska, 18.2. Ninth, Nebraska, 18.8. Tenth, Nebraska, 19.2.

880-YARD RUN—Won by Dill, Kansas State, 14:12. Second, Nebraska, 14:18. Third, Nebraska, 14:24. Fourth, Nebraska, 14:30. Fifth, Nebraska, 14:36. Sixth, Nebraska, 14:42. Seventh, Nebraska, 14:48. Eighth, Nebraska, 14:54. Ninth, Nebraska, 15:00. Tenth, Nebraska, 15:06.

0-YARD DASH—Won by Jacobson, Nebraska, 17.2. Second, Nebraska, 17.8. Third, Nebraska, 18.2. Fourth, Nebraska, 18.8. Fifth, Nebraska, 19.2. Sixth, Nebraska, 19.8. Seventh, Nebraska, 20.2. Eighth, Nebraska, 20.8. Ninth, Nebraska, 21.2. Tenth, Nebraska, 21.8.

220-YARD DASH—Won by Donald Lash, Indiana, 2:48. Second, Nebraska, 2:52. Third, Nebraska, 2:58. Fourth, Nebraska, 3:02. Fifth, Nebraska, 3:08. Sixth, Nebraska, 3:12. Seventh, Nebraska, 3:18. Eighth, Nebraska, 3:22. Ninth, Nebraska, 3:28. Tenth, Nebraska, 3:32.

DISCUS THROW—Won by Widmer, Illinois, 148 feet 10 inches. Second, Nebraska, 142 feet 6 inches. Third, Nebraska, 138 feet 10 inches. Fourth, Nebraska, 134 feet 10 inches. Fifth, Nebraska, 130 feet 10 inches. Sixth, Nebraska, 126 feet 10 inches. Seventh, Nebraska, 122 feet 10 inches. Eighth, Nebraska, 118 feet 10 inches. Ninth, Nebraska, 114 feet 10 inches. Tenth, Nebraska, 110 feet 10 inches.

TWO-MILE RUN—Won by Donald Lash, Indiana, 15:48. Second, Nebraska, 15:52. Third, Nebraska, 15:58. Fourth, Nebraska, 16:02. Fifth, Nebraska, 16:08. Sixth, Nebraska, 16:12. Seventh, Nebraska, 16:18. Eighth, Nebraska, 16:22. Ninth, Nebraska, 16:28. Tenth, Nebraska, 16:32.

DISCUS THROW—Won by Fanning, Kansas, 148 feet 10 inches. Second, Nebraska, 142 feet 6 inches. Third, Nebraska, 138 feet 10 inches. Fourth, Nebraska, 134 feet 10 inches. Fifth, Nebraska, 130 feet 10 inches. Sixth, Nebraska, 126 feet 10 inches. Seventh, Nebraska, 122 feet 10 inches. Eighth, Nebraska, 118 feet 10 inches. Ninth, Nebraska, 114 feet 10 inches. Tenth, Nebraska, 110 feet 10 inches.

TWO-MILE RUN—Won by Lochner, Oklahoma, 15:48. Second, Nebraska, 15:52. Third, Nebraska, 15:58. Fourth, Nebraska, 16:02. Fifth, Nebraska, 16:08. Sixth, Nebraska, 16:12. Seventh, Nebraska, 16:18. Eighth, Nebraska, 16:22. Ninth, Nebraska, 16:28. Tenth, Nebraska, 16:32.

no body but it would have been all right with him if a crumb had gone down the wrong way.

After "Pepper" Martin took a walk on Al Smith Thursday afternoon, the Gas House Gang proceeded to smother the Giants all over the sidewalks of New York.

Col. Bradley's Bow and Arrow is expected to start in the Latonia Derby. But he won't necessarily be a long shot.

The guy who tried to trade Paul Dean a harmonica for a pair of Annie Oakleys worth \$4.40 wasn't giving himself any the worst of it at the current price of harmonicas.

THE harp that once through Tara's Hall Had such a strong appeal to Paul He stopped the Giants dead. But when he tried to pay for same With two A. Oakleys to the game, "No soap," the gateman said.

When a "ringer" who tried to crash the picture showing Joe Louis cutting his birthday cake was ordered out, he demurred on the grounds that he was the guy who baked the cake. Cries of "Author! Author!"

The Browns' pitching is improving and nobody is complaining about the best job yet Johnny Welch. They knocked John out of the American League.

Lewis to Oppose Bob Godwin in Non-Title Fight

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, May 23.—John Henry Lewis, world's light-heavyweight champion, yesterday was matched for a ten-round non-title bout against Bob Godwin, Southern heavyweight, in Madison Square Garden next Friday night.

Godwin once almost knocked the 175-pound crown off Maxie Rosenbloom's brow before Lewis took the title on a forward pass from Bob Olin.

Lewis' title will not be at stake. Godwin will enter the ring five pounds or more above the limit.

Godwin made several impressive showings in New York a few years ago before he ran against Rosenbloom in 1933 at the Garden and lost on a technical knockout because an old cut was re-opened in the first round. He has not fought any of the top-notchers as a heavyweight.

For Lewis it will be the first of his appearances since he successfully defended his title against Jock McAvoy last winter.

The bout tops a card which included a ten-rounder between Baltazar Sangchili of Spain, recognized in Europe as bantamweight champion, and Lew Farber of New York.

RHODES SCHOLAR IS SCRATCHED; ENGLISH DERBY FIELD NOW 27

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, May 23.—The field for the Derby to be run May 27 at Epsom Downs was reduced to 27 today as Lord Astor scratched Rhodes Scholar, once one of the favorites at 19 to 1 and lately quoted at 50 to 1.

fruit and to Decision

ing Cardinals. The Phils came as Brooklyn rallied in 11-inning 4-3 decision Boston Bees.

ers trailed, 2 to 5, after Bill smacked a homer with ad in the fourth. They tied in the fourth, however, and five pitchers with a 20-0, climaxed by Goose Goslinning circuit swing. El, Detroit's starting pitcher three hits, drove in four as well as bat he was to finish.

Cooney was the big gun's victory. His double with started the Dodgers' and he singled Jimmy ame with the winning run venth.

TRIMS GOPHERS, KES SECOND PLACE

iated Press.

CITY, Iowa, May 23.—Miller, University of Iowa pitcher, held Minnesota hits yesterday as he moved into second place eastern Conference by de Gophers 4 to 1.

ound Everett Grossman, ace hurler, for eight two runs in the eighth in the second and third Grossman drove in the er run in the fifth after doubled and reached fielder's choice.

Ringside Highlights

The attendance was 5521; receipts, \$3226.50; Federal tax, \$554.88; city and State, \$224.44 each.

The cooling system of the building worked as advertised, and fans remarked they were so comfortable in the end of the strength of the four fouls and also won the fourth.

Then, just as his supporters were visualizing an easy triumph, he ran into one of Webb's stiff punches and hit the floor. He took a count of eight but got up fighting.

Miles Fouts Webb.

He carried three of the next five rounds and in the seventh had Webb in danger of going to the floor from the effects of a smashing right-hand to the head. In the eighth Miles struck Webb a low blow and referee Tommy Sullivan stopped the bout to admonish Johnny and give Webb a little rest.

The ninth was about even but Miles dispelled all doubt as to the victor with a fine finish in the tenth round in which he left-handed Webb all over the ring.

Ghnoully found Eddie Zivic hard to reach at the outset because of the Pittsburgh boy's longer arms, but in the third he opened a cut over Eddie's right eye and won the round, using his right hand to advantage.

He came back to win the fourth and the fifth, was even while Eddie won the sixth, the last in which he had an edge. Joe struck Eddie a little low in the session but Zivic permitted a rest and went right on battling.

The cut over Eddie's eye kept getting worse and finally in the tenth Sullivan stopped the boys to look over the damage. He daubed the eye with his handkerchief to see how badly it was cut but finally permitted Eddie to have his way and finish.

Kitchell Rashes Matthews.

Kitchell started as though he might upset Matthews. He is a strong fellow. He rushed at Allen at the outset and scored with a smashing overhand right which knocked Matthews into the ropes. But Matthews immediately came back with a powerful left-hand attack, rocking Billy and scored heavily with a right hand.

Matthews continued to work his way in the second round and followed with rights which had Kitchell hanging on.

Somewhere in the third round Matthews landed a blow to Kitchell's left eye and after that Billy complained that he could hardly see.

ASSOCIATION BATTERS HAVE HIT 208 HOMERS IN GAMES THIS YEAR

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, May 23.—American Association batmen are up to their old fence busting tricks again.

Since the opening of the season, 208 home runs have rattled off their bats, compared to the 145 made to date in the American League and 140 in the National League.

The Milwaukee Brewers monopolize the top spot in the long-range hitting department. Chet Laabs, Brewers centerfielder, has 10 circuit smashes to his credit, while a teammate, Lin Storti, had 11. Roy

Pfieger of Minneapolis also has 10, while Brack of Louisville has nine. In one of yesterday's games, however, there were no home runs and no triples. Columbus defeated Toledo 4-3, Allyn Stout winning his own game in the seventh with a timely two-base hit that scored Eddie Morgan with the winning run. Stout, however, didn't finish. In the ninth he was relieved by Lenon Potter with one out and men on second and third. Lou Bush then made a sensational catch of Carson's drive to turn it into a side-retiring double play.

In a night game, Indianapolis beat Louisville 6-4, Logan holding the Colonels to eight hits.

Kansas City and St. Paul and Minneapolis and Milwaukee were rained out.

WHO'S WHO? In the BIG LEAGUES

NATIONAL. 455: Medwick, Cardinals, 400. RUNS—J. Martin, Cardinals, 31; Cuyler, Reds, and Camilli, Phillies, 29. RUNS BATTED IN—Ott, Giants, 35; Medwick, Cardinals, 32. RUNS—Gehrige, Yankees, 53; Jordan, Reds, 50. TRIPLES—Herman, Cubs, 17; Medwick, Cardinals, 12. TRIPLES—Medwick and Mize, Cardinals; Moore, Giants; Camilli, Phillies; Herman, Cubs; McQuinn and Riggs, Reds, 4. HOME RUNS—Ott, Giants, 7; Camilli and J. Moore, Phillies, 6. STOLEN BASES—J. Martin, Cardinals, 8; S. Martin, Cardinals, and Allen, Phillies, 4. PITCHING—Gumbert, Giants, 4-0 Walker, Cardinals, 3-0. BATTING—Di Maggio, Yankees, .411; Sullivan, Indians, .400. TRIPLES—Gehrige, Yankees, 43; Gehring, Tigers, 37. RUNS BATTED IN—Dickey, Yankees, 43; Trosky, Indians, 32. RUNS—Gehrige, Yankees, 53; Lewis, Senators, 47. DOUBLES—Gehrige, Tigers, 15; Rolin, Yankees, 12. TRIPLES—Coff, Browns, 6; Gehring, Tigers; Lewis, Senators; Averill, Indians; Manush, Red Sox; Varrister, Athletics; Dickey and Getkirk, Yankees, 4. HOME RUNS—Fox, Red Sox, 16; Trosky, Indians, and Dickey, Yankees, 8. STOLEN BASES—Werber, Red Sox, 7; Fowl, Senators, 6. PITCHING—Grove, Red Sox, 7-1; Gomez and Pearson, Yankees, 5-1.

TWENTIETH WARD NINE TO PLAY HARPER TEAM

The Negro Industrial Baseball League games will start at noon tomorrow instead of the usual time at 1 o'clock, when the Twentieth Ward Democrats oppose the Harpers in the feature contest on the Tandy Park diamond at Cottage and Pendleton avenues, while the Berge meet the Cosmopolitan Stars on the same diamond in a second game.

The four teams are tied for first place.

DI MAGGIO, WITH .411, TAKES BATTLING LEAD IN AMERICAN

MEDWICK IS 52 POINTS BEHIND TERRY IN N. L. SWATTING RACE

Yankees' Rookie Outfielder From Coast League Passes Sullivan—Cards' Star Had .403 Mark.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, May 23.—A veteran and a youngster showed the way to the major league batters through yesterday's games with Bill Terry, manager of the New York Giants, setting the pace in the National League, and 22-year-old Joe Di Maggio, brilliant Yankee rookie, in front in the American League.

The averages of both fell off last week, but Terry, appearing for the most part as a pinch-hitter, kept his mark up to .455 for a 52-point advantage over Joe Di Maggio, who ended the week with an average of .411, a decline of only nine points. He took the lead yesterday when Billy Sullivan, Cleveland catcher, failed to get a hit and dropped to second place with a .400 percentage.

Terry, at bat five times in two games, collected only one hit while Di Maggio faced the opposing pitchers 23 times and pounded out nine safe blows. Medwick gained only one point out of 100.

Di Maggio, who had been hit by the Pirates when Bill Brubaker of the Pirates failed to keep up the hot pace he traveled the previous week.

The 10 leading hitters in each league:

PLAYER	G	AB	R	H	Pct.
Terry, N. Y.	20	55	10	25	.455
Medwick, Cards	20	52	8	21	.404
Demaree, C.	20	52	17	21	.404
Jordan, B.	20	52	17	21	.404
Durocher, Cards	20	52	17	21	.404
Moore, Giants	20	52	17	21	.404
Brubaker, Pirates	20	52	17	21	.404
Moore, Pirates	20	52	17	21	.404
Brubaker, Pirates	20	52	17	21	.404
Brubaker, Pirates	20	52	17	21	.404

AMERICAN LEAGUE

PLAYER	G	AB	R	H	Pct.
Di Maggio, N. Y.	17	30	4	11	.411
Sullivan, N. Y.	17	30	4	11	.411
Gehringer, Tigers	17	30	4	11	.411
Moore, Pirates	17	30	4	11	.411
Moore, Pirates	17	30	4	11	.411
Moore, Pirates	17	30	4	11	.411
Moore, Pirates	17	30	4	11	.411
Moore, Pirates	17	30	4	11	.411
Moore, Pirates	17	30	4	11	.411
Moore, Pirates	17	30	4	11	.411

Lutheran Schools Track Meet Today

The annual Greater St. Louis Lutheran schools track and field meet will be held this afternoon at Public Schools Stadium starting at 2 o'clock with Zion defending its class "A" championship, and Bethesda its "B" class title. There will be eight divisions of competition, each class being divided into two groups, according to size, and these groups further divided into boys and girls divisions.

There are six schools entered in the "A" division and 13 in the "B" division.

Qualifying events were necessary only in class "B" and St. John led with six finalists. Bethesda, Concordia of Maplewood, and Concordia of Kirkwood were second with five qualifiers each.

Arnold Ebert of Bethesda set the only record made in the trials, running the class "B" division 1, 75-yard dash in 8.5 seconds.

TWO RECORDS FALL IN MEET AT DENVER

DENVER, May 23.—With a breeze behind the performers two records were bettered in the qualifying trials of the Rocky Mountain Conference track meet in the D. U. Stadium yesterday.

Dick Kearns, sophomore star, Colorado University, flitted across the 120 yard hurdles in 14.6 seconds, a tenth of a second under the record set by Grant of Utah in 1931.

Jack Thornley of Utah University, slinging his spear with the wind, broke his own record in the javelin, set last year, by four feet with a toss of 206.85 feet.

Tennis at Triple A Today

First-round matches must be completed today in the Triple A spring tennis tournament. Twenty matches are scheduled to be played today.

Parochial League Box Scores

ST. J. NEPMOK. ST. VINCENT.

ST. J. NEPOMUK	ST. VINCENT
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ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

Abian 1b	4	0	2	Abian 1b	4	1	1	L
Belaska cf	4	0	2	Ortman ss	4	2	1	I
Claridif	8	2	2					

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

Adamece 3b	4	0	0	Vill'nda 2b	3	1	1	e
Rock p	4	0	0	Lavaka ss-p	3	0	1	c

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

George H	2	1	0
Mar'ski c	2	2	1
Pastor p	1	0	0

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869	870	871	872	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891	892	893	894	895	896	897	898	899	900	901	902	903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957	958	959	960	961	962	963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970	971	972	973	974	975	976	977	978	979	980	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990	991	992	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000	1001	1002	1003	1004	1005	1006	1007	1008	1009	1010	1011	1012	1013	1014	1015	1016	1017	1018	1019	1020	1021	1022	1023	1024	1025	1026	1027	1028	1029	1030	1031	1032	1033	1034	1035	1036	1037	1038	1039	1040	1041	1042	1043	1044	1045	1046	1047	1048	1049	1050	1051	1052	1053	1054	1055	1056	1057	1058	1059	1060	1061	1062	1063	1064	1065	1066	1067	1068	1069	1070	1071	1072	1073	1074	1075	1076	1077	1078	1079	1080	1081	1082	1083	1084	1085	1086	1087	1088	1089	1090	1091	1092	1093	1094	1095	1096	1097	1098	1099	1100	1101	1102	1103	1104	1105	1106	1107	1108	1109	1110	1111	1112	1113	1114	1115	1116	1117	1118	1119	1120	1121	1122	1123	1124	1125	1126	1127	1128	1129	1130	1131	1132	1133	1134	1135	1136	1137	1138	1139	1140	1141	1142	1143	1144	1145	1146	1147	1148	1149	1150	1151	1152	1153	1154	1155	1156	1157	1158	1159	1160	1161	1162	1163	1164	1165	1166	1167	1168	1169	1170	1171	1172	1173	1174	1175	1176	1177	1178	1179	1180	1181	1182	1183	1184	1185	1186	1187	1188	1189	1190	1191	1192	1193	1194	1195	1196	1197	1198	1199	1200	1201	1202	1203	1204	1205	1206	1207	1208	1209	1210	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215	1216	1217	1218	1219	122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ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

JOE. GIPHAN.	ST. ANTHONY.
AB.R.H.	AB.R.H.
Patton 1b	3 0 0
Liberton 2b	4 2 2

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

Brubaker 1b	3	0	0	Schub'in, rf	2	0	0	h
Andert c	2	0	1	Schm'rs, 3b	2	1	0	e
Hohner 3b	3	0	0					

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

Master rf	3	0	1	Rehme lf	3	0	1	R
Donahoe 2b	3	0	1	Stettan 1b	1	0	0	
Blair 1b	2	0	1					

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

Totals	25	0	4	Totals	21	3	4
Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

Brubaker 1b	4	0	2	Abian 1b	4	1	1
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2	Abian 1b	4	1	1
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2	Abian 1b	4	1	1
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2	Abian 1b	4	1	1
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2	Abian 1b	4	1	1
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2	Abian 1b	4	1	1
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2	Abian 1b	4	1	1
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2	Abian 1b	4	1	1
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2	Abian 1b	4	1	1
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2	Abian 1b	4	1	1

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

AB	R	H	E
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

AB	R	H	E
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

AB	R	H	E
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

AB	R	H	E
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

AB	R	H	E
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2
Brubaker 1b	4	0	2

ST. JOSEPH. ST. ANTHONY.

SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1936.

BOOKS, PERIODICALS FOR SALE
DETECTIVE NOVELS—200; best, new, for \$1. Cheaper in quantities. W. B. 216.

BOOKS, PERIODICALS WANTED
CASH paid for used books and magazines. Julia's Book Shop, 3558 Olive.

CLOTHING WANTED
We don't mind the season. We want suits, overcoats, 1100 Franklin, GA. 7021, PA. 483.

CASH PAID
High Prices for Men's Suits, Pants, shoes, leather goods, etc. 5308, Auto Club.

NEW DEAL
Suits, overcoats, 2025 Franklin, JE. 9954. Auto Club.

CALL US
To sell your used clothes, 903 Market, CH. 6334.

BICYCLES—MOTOR CYCLES
Bicycle—Racer, almost new; fine condition; \$10. 2124 Brown.

HORSES AND VEHICLES
OR good horses, mares and males, on Louisa, 1321-25 N. Broadway.

BUILDING MATERIAL
Wanted
Will pay cash for old buildings to be wrecked. FR. 0550.

For Sale
LUMBER
All sizes, used, all big saving; used brick, saving; used lumber, saving; used radiators for heating plants, plumbing supplies.

ST. LOUIS IRON & SUPPLY CO.
E. Cor. 16th and Clark, GA. 8008.

LIQUIDATING large stock lumber; oak, doors, etc.; real bargains for cash only; no phone orders. Texas Lumber & Supply Co., 1415 E. Hanley st. 21st and Chestnut, GA. 6710.

MACHINERY WANTED
All US To sell your tools, trucks, etc. guns. CH. 6334, 903 Market.

TYPEWRITERS
TYPEWRITERS J Underwoods, Royals, 225-10, rental, 3 months \$5. St. Louis T. W. Co., 718 Pine st. Main 1162.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY
Wanted
Cash for old gold, broken jewelry, pearls, diamonds, Miller, 718 Pine.

MONEY TO LOAN
MONEY TO LOAN—Clothing, jewelry, shoes, radio or anything, 4111 Finney.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE
ICR—Hard, red, cheap for quick sale, 770 N. Broadway, GA. 9058.

VE—Used, all sizes; fittings, St. Louis run & supply, 16th and Clark, GA. 9058.

ELS—Chest and auto mechanic's tools, 5238 Schollmeyer.

OLS—Auto mechanic's, and chest, 5238 Schollmeyer.

ORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES
Wanted
CH REGISTERS W/—Any age or condition. See Lou first, RO. 3631, day night.

CTURES W/—For ladies' ready-to-wear store; must be modern and good. Write to 713 Circle dr., Marion.

For Sale
UG FIXTURES—Hood fountain; new, used, McKesson-McNeill Drug, 2 N. 4th.

FIXTURES for any business; new or used, BENNINGER'S, 1007-09 Market st.

SERVICE CABINET—Floor show case; poster twin beds, 2520 N. Taylor.

Beer Equipment
VELTY BOX—Complete, bottle box, cash register, 20026 Prairie, Sunday.

LOANS ON AUTOMOBILES
AUTO & TRUCK LOANS
IMMEDIATE SERVICE
MORE CASH ADVANCED
PAYMENTS REDUCED
ANY YEAR, MAKE OR MODEL
LAWFUL RATES—NO Co-Signers
LOCAL FINANCE CO.
W. Cor. Grand and Page
Evenings 9 P. M. FR. 1531

AUTO LOANS
Want paying off present balance, in and let us explain.

FIDELITY FINANCE CO.
and St. Louis JE. 5018

USED AUTOMOBILES
Price, Down.
BERRAPLANE sedan—\$319 99
odge Coupe—425 49
ord Sedan—350 59
ord Coach—308 49
vrolet Coupe—395 49
ymouth Coupe—419 49
ymouth 7-pass. Sedan—319 49
burn Sedan—149 39
ds Sedan—149 39
ge charge, \$1.35 per month on \$100.
Always open. KLING, 2313 S. Grand

Wanted
AUTON bought; cash; we need them. S. N. Grand, FRospect 8923.

W/—100 late models; see us for selling or making loans.
Trade 5010, 2819 Gravois.

W/—Bring 1936, get cash. GA. 6580, 3020 S. Kingshighway, FR. 6580.

L. pay high cash prices for your automobile. Don't sell till you see me. Jack, 3615 Page, JEFFerson 6440.

ACH buys cars for cash. Bring 718 N. Kingshighway.

For Hire
TRUCKS FOR RENT
ELD 3131, 15TH and DELMAR

Sedans For Sale
RIEFLING LORDS
Authorized Dealer
ST FORD DEALER IN ST. LOUIS
Cars and Trucks. Terms. Trade. Rentals & Sundries. 2316 S. Jefferson

USED TRUCKS
BARGAINS
Chevrolet; long wheel base.
Chevrolet Tractors; sleeper, cab.
Ford Mack Dump Trucks.
Ford Mack; long wheelbase.
Ford Mack Tractor.
Ford Federal; long wheelbase.
MACK TRUCK CO.
CHOUTEAU GR. 3180

TOW TRUCK—Complete, \$125, 8. 7 in.

Auto Trailers For Sale
ER—Four-wheel, farm implements, 4519 Blair st.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH DAILY MAGAZINE

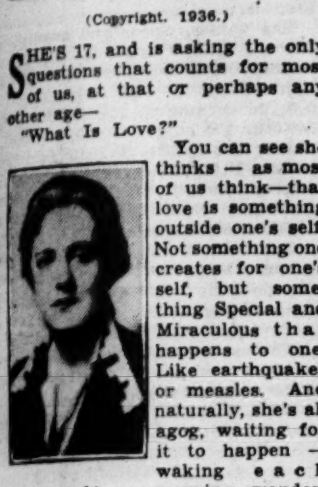
The Diary a St. Louis Woman Kept 60 Years Ago and Its Interesting Accounts

FASHIONS BY ESQUIRE—COMMENTS

PART THREE. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1936. PAGES 1—6C.

LISTEN, WORLD!

By Elsie Robinson



(Copyright, 1936.)

SHE'S 17, and is asking the only questions that counts for most of us, at that or perhaps any other age—

"What Is Love?"

You can see she thinks— as most of us think—that love is something outside one's self. Not something one creates for one's self, but something Special and Miraculous that happens to one. Like earthquakes or measles. And naturally, she's all agog, waiting for it to happen.

waking, a a e h morning, wondering if it will happen today—watching each new face, wondering if He's the One—dreaming of how it will seem to be really in love at last!

Yet all the time the answer is inside herself. All the time she is building within herself, within her character, this love for which she waits.

For there's the truth about love—a truth so simple and inevitable that most of us won't accept it, expecting and preferring fairy tales instead—

Love isn't something that happens to us.

Love is something that happens IN us.

Love is something we create for ourselves, out of our dreams and desires, our hungers and humiliations, our favors and furies. Deep inside us, day by day, hour by hour, we build our own pattern of love—creating it to suit our own need, to meet our own necessity, to fit our own capacity.

Then some day, something or someone happens, and we cry, "I'm in love!" But love was in us long before we were in love. And our love will only be as big and brave and beautiful as we ourselves have made it.

What is love?

Love is what-have-you. What-have-you inside yourself? What do you want? What are you willing to give—to take? There is no one set pattern for love—no one, definite experience.

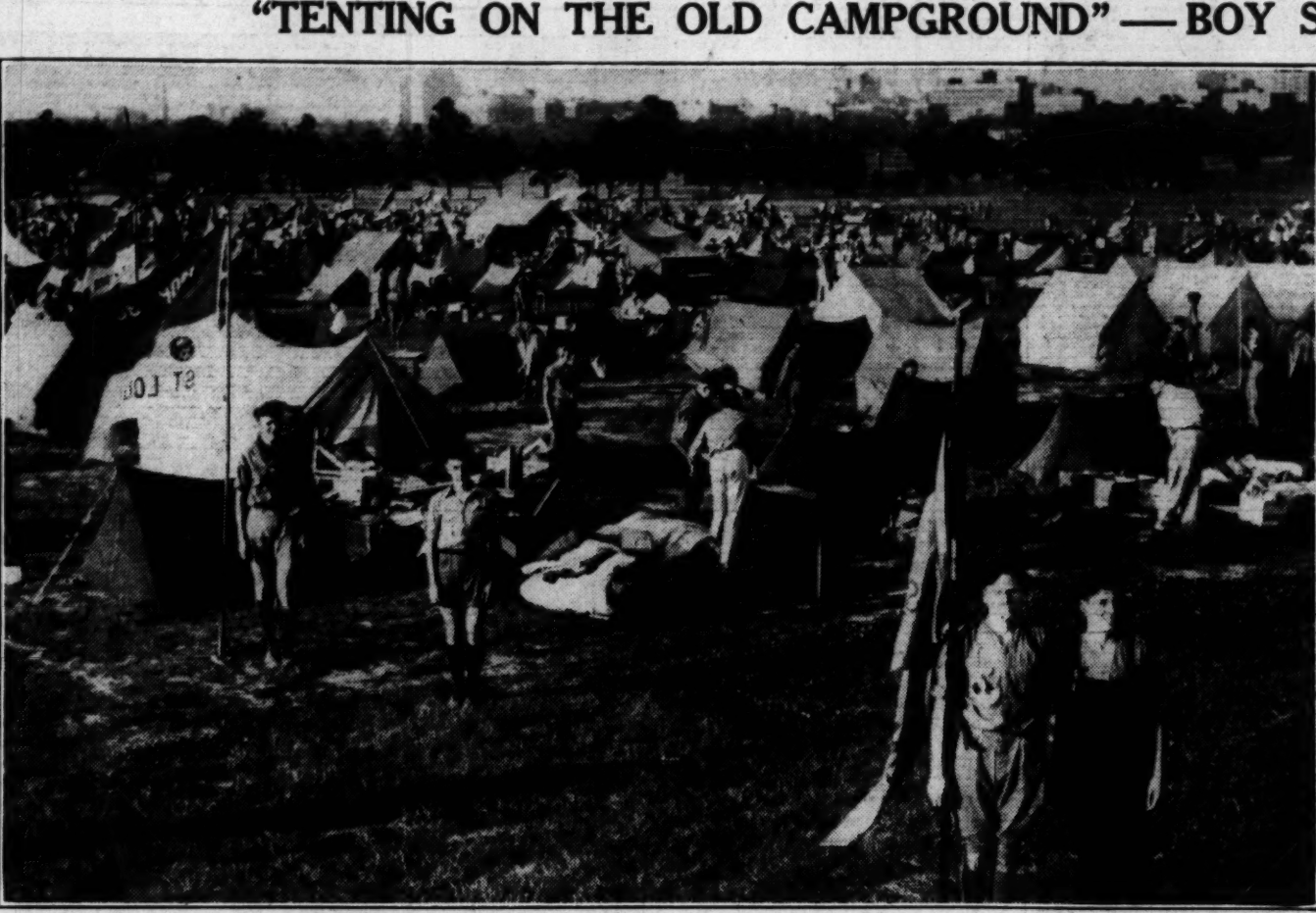
No two people in the world ever loved alike—for no two people ever lived alike. And love is simply an extension of our own life; not something apart from our life.

Love is only your own life reaching out for fulfillment—your own heart calling for an answer. And there's no use to whine at the answer you get for, whether you admit it or not, you'll be answered according to your call.

YOU GET WHAT YOU ASK FOR IN LOVE—there's the grimest truth in life.

If there's tragedy in love, the seed of that tragedy was first in you. If love weakens and wastes you, it's because in some secret place of your heart you laid yourself open to weakening and wasting. If love abuses you, it's because you permit abuse—want abuse.

We have made a holy name of love—a sanctified alibi for every variety of cussedness. But this thing we call love may be anything but holy. It may be—often is—downright hellish.



A general view of the Boy Scouts' Camparall at Forest Park, where 1400 members of the organization are camping out for 48 hours.



The boys of Troop 98 of St. Roch's Catholic Church getting a meal under way.



Nathan Platt of Troop 156 of the Broth Sholom inadvertently became detached from his outfit and was snapped while trying to find his troop.



Troop 71 of Maple Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church moving into camp.

RECENT ARRIVALS MAKING THEMSELVES AT HOME AT ST. LOUIS ZOO



Adele, Tony and Rudy, chimpanzees, seemingly pondering upon the verities of life.



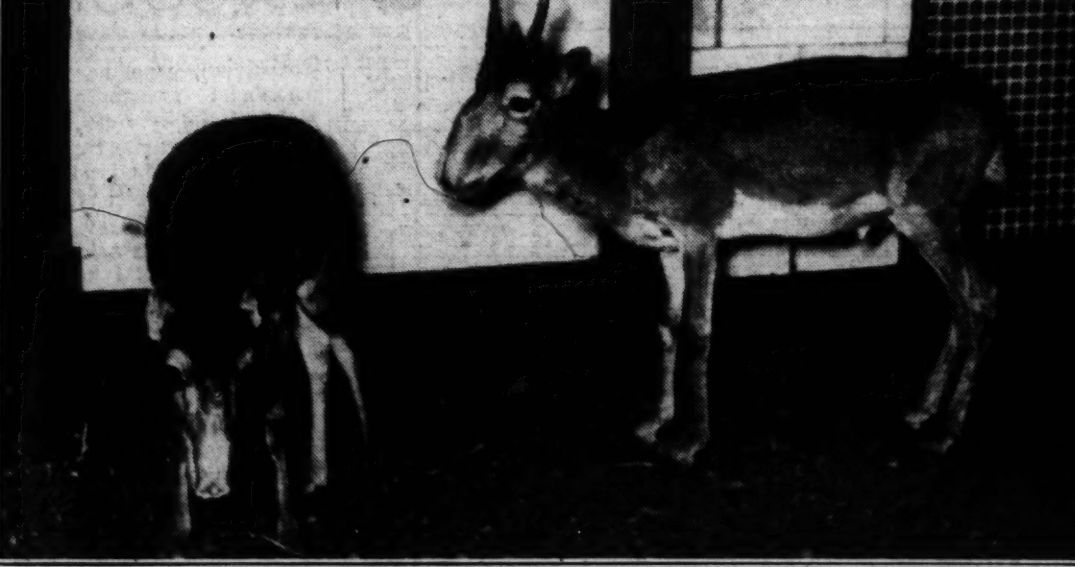
Black-necked swans from South America, stately and rare.



Jabiru stork, from South America.



Wanderoo monkeys from India.



Rare Saiga antelopes from Siberia, the second pair ever to be shown in the United States.

CARL SCHURZ CELEBRATION

His Memory Honored in Germany; Pilgrimage to Birth Place.

By the Associated Press.

LIBLAR, Germany, May 23. — The memory of the famous German-American statesman, Carl Schurz, was honored today by a German-American pilgrimage to the house where he was born in 1829. Wreaths bearing United States flags were deposited there by F. L. Mayer, United States Consul General, and Alfred Klei-foth. Another wreath, bearing a German Swastika, was deposited by Max Ilgner, president of the Carl Schurz society.

American students attending the German universities and German Government representatives were included in the pilgrimage.

interest but, of course, can
give advice on matters
purely legal or medical, no
Those who do not care to
their letters published may

...a mannish jacket of white
...a feminine looking frock of
...another evening suit which
...a crepe dress.

Drama Plans
...Issue New
...Stamp Series

Airmail, 10 Postage to
...Memoriate Postal Con-
...s in November.

Republic of Panama will is-
...series of 16 denominations
...commemorate the first Postal
...held between the Ameri-
...and Spain. This first Postal
...is to be held in the city
...of Panama in November. Ten
...of denominations will be for re-
...stage and six for airmail.

values, colors and quantities
...of each denomination
...set is as follows: 5c blue,
...10c orange, 10c green, 20c
...vermillion, 50c blue, 5c blue,
...10c purple, 60c blue, 15c blue,
...20c brown, 15c orange, 25c light
...10c orange, 10c orange, 10c orange,
...black 10,000. It can be seen
...is that there will be no
...complete sets.

designs for the postage series
...of Bolivar, Dr. F.
...and Columbus, along
...pedal towers, famous ruins
...of the Panama Canal.
...denominations of the air-
...will be as follows: 5c blue,
...10c orange, 60c orange, 20c rose,
...5c violet, 30c orange, 50c vermil-
...10c; and 4 grey black, 10c
...will be only 10,000 com-
...of the airmail series also.
...the subjects chosen as de-
...the airmail stamps will
...palace of Justice, the Ad-
...Building, the Panama
...and the Bolivar Monument.

first day sale of the Rhoda
...centenary postage
...45,400 covers were canceled.
...stamps sold on the first
...\$60,000, representing a to-
...of \$116,500.

National Federation of Stamp
...which was formed a few
...now numbers among its
...more than 500 individ-
...clubs throughout the
...states alone. The Federation
...as a clearing house for
...of its members and to
...possibly quickly to secu-
...of collectors on any
...relating to stamp collect-

ing to a survey made re-
...United States stamps led
...collectors. There are more
...specializing in this coun-
...any other country in the

will shortly release a new
...series consisting of 26 denomina-
...from 1c to 20c. There will be
...designs representing land-
...and public monuments.
...postage series is issued to
...operate the tenth anniversary
...of Algerian stamps. These
...will be plate engraved.

ny was not the only coun-
...a stamp portraying the
...the "Hindenburg." Liech-
...has issued two airmail
...especially created for the
...of the Hindenburg.
...atures the Hindenburg and
...value 2c pictures the Graf

ies of stamps finally in-
...numerous changes of
...to commemorate the
...Fair consisted of over-
...the current postage values
...all values. The postage
...printed are 1c, 2c, 3c, 4c,
...5c and 10c. The airmail
...1931 type, as follows:
...2c, 3c and 5c. The over-
...the stamps read "DAM-
...AIR 1936" in both French
...characters.

Wanted
...prices paid for U.S. and for-
...amps; everything for collectors.
...our new store. Morton Stamp
...Co., 7th St.
...for use of U.S. stamps and
...New Museum Stamp Co.,
...1936 Franklin. Cash
...U.S. stamps and collections.

For Sale
...OF COMPLETION—3 com-
...of Imperial and Soviet Russia,
...Feb. 1918, 1919, 1921 issues.
...Peterson Bros., 68 Nassau
...St., New York.

U.S. Exhibiting Precast
...Dues Commemorative, etc.
...5c Per LB. Mail Box Extra.
...601 Holland Bldg., N.Y. 6933

...20c each, 6 for \$1; 50 dif-
...mixed common U.S. 20c
...W. L. Keyser, Irvington, N.J.

Complete Stamp Store, stamps
...and advanced collectors.
...man Stamp Co., 1122 Pine

TALKS
ON
HEALTH
By
Logan Clendening

Daily in the
ST-DISPATCH

IF YOU ASK MY OPINION
By Martha Carr

My dear Mrs. Carr:
PLEASE publish this in answer
to the person who recently
signed herself "The Other
Woman."

I feel, with most wives, that if
the other woman in the case of
domestic difficulties would
strictly to her own busi-
ness and confine her attentions and
affections to men who are not
married, the married men would
have less desire to stray. This
woman states that wives do not
understand their husbands.
On the other hand, were it not
for this woman, the husband
would have higher standards for
wives; he would not seek those
who wait on the corner or call him
by telephone at his home, thus
destroying the tranquility the wife
may have been able to obtain
and the last episode was obli-
gately conveyed to her.

Why, oh why, Mrs. Carr, can-
not they set their eyes on men, not
their husbands, for the husbands
rarely feel beyond the old line, "My
wife does not understand me."
(That has been handed out for gen-
erations.)

The truth is, the man would not
marry this woman once in a
hundred cases, were the wife to
allow him the freedom he thinks
he wants.

Must we sit by serenely and see
our husbands make fools of them-
selves and wait until they are ready
to come home and be content?
Isn't there a way to make these
women see the heartaches they cause,
the humiliation both socially and
in the business world?

Do the men not stop to wonder
if they would not miss the well or-
ganized household they are ac-
customed to, were they to accept
the fly-by-night existence the other
woman would give them?

Please forgive me for writing so
at length. I could write forever,
if I thought I could save some
otherwise sane husband from caus-
ing his wife the heartaches I have
known and the doubt which makes
the days interminable.

It all could be squelched at the
start if the other woman would say
"No" to such an arrangement. His
vanity would be piqued and he
would realize that he was appre-
ciated at home at least.

Not the Other Woman.

Dear Mrs. Carr:
I AM a boy 17 years of age, like
to travel and like to adventure.
How old do you have to be to
join the Foreign Legion? How long
do you have to serve? I'd like all
the information I can get. Thank-
you again and I would like to
know if your column is in the Sun-
day paper?

L. O. K.

Why not look up the French
Consul and inquire of him? And
remember adventure is little ro-
mance and much hardship.
The column appears in the Sun-
day Women's magazine.

Dear Mrs. Carr:
WHAT would you suggest to
break the thumb-sucking habit
in a child? I have tried every-
thing I know of, but without suc-
cess. My child is 5 years old
and has always sucked her thumb.
She also pulls her hair while suck-
ing her thumb. I am 5 ft. 2 inches
tall, how much should I weigh?

B. C.

There are two causes for this
habit: hunger and pleasure. An in-
fant, of course, born with the
instinct to do this in order to get
food. Later, especially bottle-fed
babies, get this habit and when
hungry or inactive otherwise resort
to it. It is one that should be
broken early as it produces mis-
shapen thumbs, protruding teeth,
sometimes misshapen jaw, and
some physicians say, adenoids and
diseased tonsils.

Sometimes punishment does little
good, but at your child's age she
should certainly have reminders in
the way of deprivations of pleas-
ures and also rewards for good
conduct.

A good way to start is to pin the
little girl's sleeves together at night
giving plenty of room for the hand
to move, or pinning the sleeves so
that the hand is thoroughly en-
cased and then pinning it to the
lower sheet. A mechanical de-
vice often used is a long stiff card-
board cuff just at the bend of the
elbow. This is used at night also.

When you see the child sucking
her thumb, divert her attention if
possible. Adhesive plaster loosely
wound around thumb and finger;
a finger-case of open wire or cloth
with holes in it. These three serve
as reminders to a child this age and
may effect a cure. But the habit
should be broken while still a baby.
Some mothers use a very little bit-
ter on the thumb nail, but
this does not always have the de-
sired effect and, since it is a lax-
ative, should not be over-used.

You did not give your age, so I
will not very well tell you what your
normal weight should be. If you
would like a weight chart, send me
self-addressed, stamped envelope.

Letters intended for this col-
umn must be addressed to
Martha Carr at the St. Louis
Post-Dispatch. Mrs. Carr will
answer all questions of general
interest but, of course, cannot
give advice on matters of a
purely legal or medical nature.
Those who do not care to have
their letters published may en-
close an addressed and stamped
envelope for personal reply.

SATURDAY
MAY 25, 1936

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

PAGE 30

DAILY MAGAZINE

A ST. LOUIS WOMAN'S DIARY of 60 YEARS AGO



MRS. AMES CUSHMAN

Mrs. Ames Cushman's Childhood Account of Her Trip Abroad Gives an Interesting Picture of Earlier Days.

By Marguerite Martyn

WHEN Mary Semple Ames, 11 years old, of St. Louis, went to Europe with her family—her mother, older sister, two brothers, a governess and maid, in 1876, she decided to keep a diary. She was an observing little girl, a conscientious one and rarely gifted with a faculty for interpreting her own reactions to life about her. "She Wrote It All Down."

Under that title 60 years after Charles Scribner & Sons are presenting her naive chronicle in their list of publications for late this spring.

The author, long and widely known in St. Louis as Mrs. Ames Cushman, today takes an entirely impersonal view of her work. In her apartment at Park Plaza she said, "It is all so long ago. I feel I am no longer the author, but rather, the god-mother of the little book. It is just a slight, quaint thing, offered not as a work of any significance, but as a memento of a day long gone by."

The diary entries are unrevised, the young writer's penchant for airing newly acquired foreign languages and obvious school-girl errata left as they are. Mrs. Cushman adding only necessary explanatory notes. The publishers have dressed it up with a jacket by Reginald Birch, original illustrator of "Little Lord Fauntleroy," dating almost to a contemporary period itself. It is illustrated with reproductions of photographs from the Ames family album and further with original drawings with which the author illuminated her text, there being no snapshot cameras in that day.

The little volume is commended as a piquant and poignant reflection of other times, other manners, of strict conventions accepted as a matter of course, of the leisureliness and purposefulness with which people of means seeking culture, education and the good things of older civilizations had to offer, went abroad in the '70s. It turns out to be more than that, a human document, a study in feminine child psychology as true today as it ever was—with this exception: Most girls are given to introspection and self-examination, but not all are as capable of analyzing their moods as was "Mamie."

With something more than adolescent wisdom she writes of "a sort of agreeable sadness," and, after indulging in a fit of doldrums, "When one is not really unhappy, then melancholy is inviting." Another day, "I don't think I am dissatisfied with my 'ennui.' I call them little for I know greater ones will assail me." She is curious about her "destiny"—"If I shall ever love and marry"—"But I wouldn't know the future for anything. I have quite prepared myself for sad experiences and still they are covered with a golden veil, which has its charm."

NOT all girls then or now, it must be admitted, are consumed with the same zeal to be good, learned, and free from vanity. "I am so ambitious to KNOW something and not be entirely unlearned as some girls of this age," she observes. Again, "I have prayed to have a great intelligence and to surpass everybody. Oh, what ador-

able glory! But there is vanity in that. I cannot submit to being only good, I want to be celebrated." And, "I should like to be good as well as beautiful without being aware of it. But being beautiful and not wishing to know it is not logic. In my present state of mind I would like to know myself beautiful but not be vain. How mixed up I write." "Yesterday," she notes, "I gained a little victory over myself. My goodness, it was hard, but I did it, Dieu merci."

She is not by any means always this grave. The entries abound in humorous comment and intimate gossip as she becomes absorbed in boarding school intrigues, "crushes," "spats," "secrets," flirtations, handsome officers in brilliant uniforms, shopping, clothes, dancing the lancers and quadrille, playing croquet, skating, theaters, operas, tableaux vivants, royal weddings, and enraptured with scenes of natural beauty or romantic history. Once she throws a troublesome conscience overboard and exclaims, "I am tired of being 'reasonable.' I would give anything for those 'elans d'inspiration,' this delightful 'entrainement' which is so 'wonnigussus.' I would like to have the name Eliestoun to a home they built. Disregarding with characteristic independence the old idea that proximity to the river was unhealthy, Mrs. Ames, Mamie's mother, built her home on the bluffs, calling it Notchcliff. This was the scene of much brilliant entertaining in its day. Guests would come by steamboat before there were roads. It is now the site of Principia College.

Then they went to France, where the children were placed in schools for two years, or until they had acquired proficiency in the French language and the social arts and graces perfected in that country. Then for two years to Germany until they had absorbed musical, artistic, linguistic, social and cultural advantages to be enjoyed there. Permanent apartments were maintained in Paris and Berlin to which they came from vacations and travels in all the countries.

There was much intensive sight-seeing, but Christmas holidays spent in St. Petersburg, with letters from President Grant introducing them to high official society in which Ada Ames, a blond beauty at 17, became a sensation, known as the "American Pearl;" an entree as auspicious into the society of Berlin, long summer holidays spent in Switzerland and Austrian mountain resorts, gave them time and opportunity to form friendships and absorb the customs of the countries.

Not content only with memories and intellectual treasures, when the family came home they brought amazing stores of material possessions. There were dresses from the famous couturiers of Paris, enough to see them through a season which was to include the debut of Ada who became a great belle and afterward a social leader as Mrs. Henry S. Turner. "Our luggage assumes enormous proportions," writes Mamie. One trunk would hold not more than two or three of the voluminous dresses with the trains, balayouses, artificial flowers, grills and ruffles of the period,

nobody could spell it correctly, it was changed to Eliah. The station of Beltrée was named for another ancestral seat and when Ada Ames married Henry Turner they gave the name Eliestoun to a home they built. Disregarding with characteristic independence the old idea that proximity to the river was unhealthy, Mrs. Ames, Mamie's mother, built her home on the bluffs, calling it Notchcliff. This was the scene of much brilliant entertaining in its day. Guests would come by steamboat before there were roads. It is now the site of Principia College.

They brought fine vintage wines, enough to stock the family cellar for a generation, and two carriages. One, a coupe lined with tufted brown satin, the smartest ever turned out by the finest coachmaker in Paris. It called for a "cocher" in white breeches, high boots, shiny top hat with a cocarde. The other, a spacious landau with two men in livery on the box behind a pair of high stepping bays, was to dazzle St. Louis. They brought household linen, dozens of everything, from the Linen House in Hamburg with monograms woven in "to prove they really are made to order." And furniture, objets d'art, ornaments galore, for it was the day of bric a brac.

DURING all the four years Mamie recorded her impressions. The Scythia on which they sailed, most palatial liner of its time, was lighted with oil lamps and had revolving chairs attached to the floor in the dining saloon. "A chair would whirl suddenly and the occupant rush frantically from the room." For 12 days the 10,000 ton vessel rolled and pitched over the waves.

In Scotland, of Holyrood Castle the diarist notes, "This is where the beautiful Mary Queen of Scots lived. Queen Elizabeth cut off her head. People were so mean in those days. If you did the slightest thing to displease them, off came your head, like Alice in Wonderland."

In Edinburgh she saw the Queen, there to unveil a monument to the Prince Consort. "She had on a long black silk dress with a bonnet with a white feather. I was disappointed that she didn't wear her crown but I just fell in love with her anyway," writes Mamie.

In Paris, water from the Seine was undrinkable without the addition of "vin ordinaire." Drainage in houses and hotels was non-existent. Refuse was carried out in large tanks at night. "We had to keep our windows closed." Even in Cologne, "instead of the air smelling nice and sweet, which was, of course, what we expected, it smelled perfectly horrid."

Bathing was an expensive and formidable undertaking. A special order had to be sent out whereupon

Formal Sheer frothy formals are now in order with balmy summer nights heralding all sorts of similar social occasions. Puffed sleeves, frilly pleats, full skirts, tunics and brief jackets are some of the high-lights that go to make these sheer delights so irresistible.

Smart Outfits
Mark Summer
Style Displays
By Adelaide Kerr

NEW YORK, May 25.—HOT weather costumes have hit a new high on the thermometer of chic. For those blistering days in town when the sun scorches city streets American designers have created the smartest outfits the fashion world has seen. They are clean cut and formal enough to be smart, sheer enough to be cool, and lightened with smart white touches which keep them looking crisp at all times.

Steel gray and ice white is the newest combination, but navy blue and sea foam white, forest green or wood brown and daisy white, or black and chalk white also are big favorites. A two-piece suit or a frock topped by a jacket or cape make the smartest effects accented by accessories which harmonize.

Navy blue and black organza, net, dotted swiss, chiffon and sheer silk all are used to make simple frocks with fairly high necklines and short or long sleeves finished with snow white collars and cuffs of organza or pique. With them go matching short jackets (trim and fitted or loose and swagger) or waist-length capes.

Prints with new smart patterns which are a decided variation from the old flower design are much in vogue. White or confetti colored coin dots, crowns, seashells, stars and animals stamp many of the new prints. Monotone silhouette prints—white on copper, wine or navy—and two-toned checks also are seen. Some are accented by a third color as a white crepe printed in black asters and worn with a wine red crushed chiffon girdle.

Suits of cotton pique, rayon suiting or "non-crushable" linen are other big favorites. Often they are worn without blouses.

Accessories put the finishing touches to the outfits. Nettie Rosenstein turns out smart town togs for hot days by adding flower toques, boutonnières and suede gloves all of the same shade—a white carnation toque and gloves with a putty crepe flecked with white and red carnation accessories will do.

Other designers like big hats—wide brimmed flat crowned white or black straws and gloves to match—and the ensembles. Slip-cover handbags, whose detachable washable cotton covers come in colors to harmonize with any costume, are another accessory which has found great favor.

HOME SERVICE
Inferiority Complex

THEY'RE sisters—but you'd never know it! Anne is still timid and awkward, but Jane has won a fight to the finish with that baffling sense of inferiority.

Both these likable girls were brought up by an aunt—to wear dowdy clothes, no pretty ribbons, never a curl. The other children made fun of them, tormented Jane about her red hair, called her "Carrots." Such a childhood can cause paralyzing feelings of inferiority which in maturity can develop into a serious complex.

If you suffer from such a feeling, our 32-page booklet will tell you how to get rid of it. It's written by a sound psychologist who has helped thousands. Let him help you with this vital mental problem.

Send 10c for your copy of OVERCOMING SELF-CONSCIOUSNESS AND OTHER INFERIORITY COMPLEXES to St. Louis Post-Dispatch Home Service, 635 Sixth Ave., New York, N. Y. Be sure to write plainly your NAME, ADDRESS, and the NAME of your booklet.

Fruit Punch in Quantity.
The following is a recipe for a large quantity of fruit punch for use at a dance or large party. The recipe from four to six gallons, three cans pineapple juice, one and one-half dozen oranges, two and one-half pounds sugar boiled for five minutes in two quarts of water, one gallon water, two gallons cold tea, two bottles grape juice, three bottles carbonated water. Pour all over a large block of ice in a punch bowl.

Baked Rice Pudding
(Serve cold)
Two cups boiled rice
Two eggs
One teaspoon vanilla
One-eighth teaspoon salt
One-half cup sugar
Two and one-half cups milk
Two tablespoons butter, melted
One-fourth teaspoon cinnamon.
Mix ingredients, pour into buttered baking dish and bake 30 minutes in a slow oven. Cool and chill.

Beefsteak Pate
Have one pound of top of round put through the grinder three times. Season highly with salt and pepper and add one teaspoon fresh suet. Mix two beaten eggs with one pint of milk and pour into one cup flour mixed with one teaspoon baking powder. When well mixed, stir thoroughly into the meat. Bake in a moderate oven for about an hour.

Child Table Manners
When the youngster is beginning to use all the silver and dishes that the rest of the family use, it is time to make corrections in the method of usage. Then the child knows all other table manners that the right kind and future training will be unnecessary.

Thumbnail Reviews of New Movies

"THE FIRST BABY"—Swirl fun, real people and sound science, though it may sound a little like your grandmother; paired with "Dracula's Daughter," in which a psychiatrist turns from chasing bats out of bellies to run down a bat woman. For some reason the bats picture is the featured one at the AMBASSADOR.

"SHOW BOAT"—Second week of the new film version of the tuneless Kern-Hammerstein musical play, with Irene Dunne, Allan Jones, Paul Robeson, Helen Morgan and Charles Winniger among others. At the FOX.

"ONE RAINY AFTERNOON"—A gay and delightful afternoon. About a kiss that set Paris on its ear. Frances Lederer and Ida Lupino, with a nice bunch of light comedians. Plus "SPEED" a standard race-track romance. At LOEWS.

"DANCING PIRATE"—How a young man from Boston taught the waltz to a Spanish village in California and saved it from villains. All in technicolor, with Charles Collins and Steffi Duna dancing and singing, and Frank Morgan supplying comedy. At the ORPHEUM.

"THE CASE AGAINST MRS. AMES"—Courtroom histrionics by slightly Madeline Carroll, and mystery-solving by tough, wise-wise-cracking George Brent. At the SHUBERT.

Toonerville Folks—By Fontaine Fox

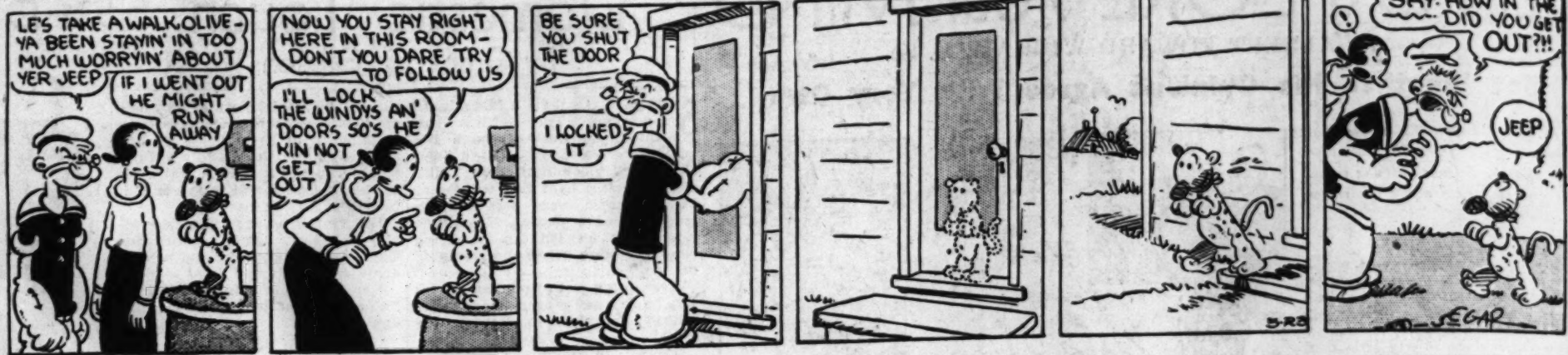
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Popeye—By Segar

I Don't Want to Be Alone

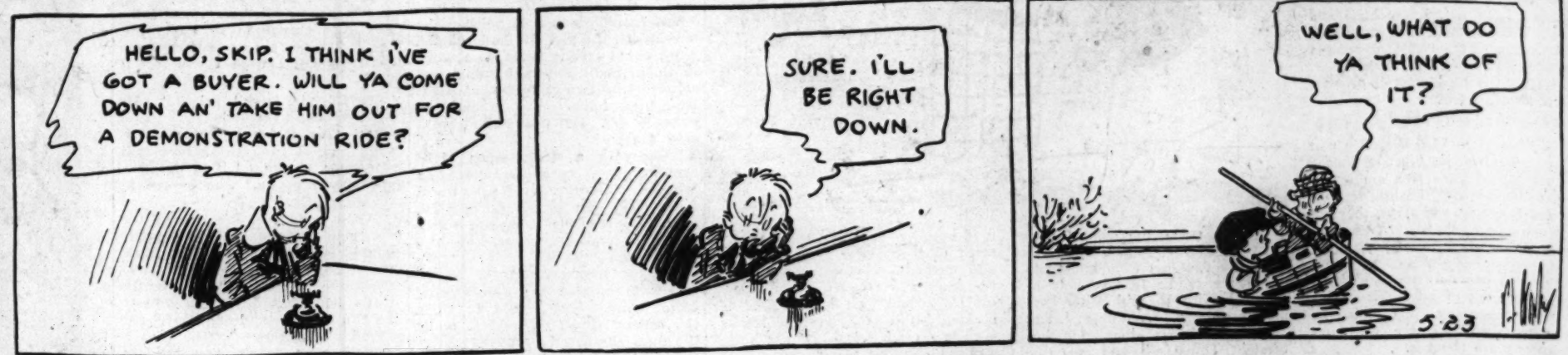
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Skippy—By Percy L. Crosby

It Speaks for Itself

(Copyright, 1936.)



Jane Arden—By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross

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Mickey Finn—By Lank Leonard

Old Pals

(Copyright, 1936.)



Henry—By Carl Anderson

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Li'l Abner—By Al Capp

Wrong Man Wins

(Copyright, 1936.)



Picking The People's Choice
By ARTHUR "BUGS" BAER

THE old-time political delegates are getting out their badges and their running shoes. They're going to bank the turns at Cleveland and Philadelphia. The partisan road-runners should make good time in the marathon by states.

1908 and not yet succeeded in deciphering the gyrations of the loose-leaf delegates as they scurry up and down the aisles in an effort to elude the posers.

The wicked sleuth where no man pursueth. And the delegates scamper where no contestant challenges. They are always out in the aisle like shoes in a Pullman sleeper.

While the delegates parade with their banners they also utter shrill cries of their untrained species. These chirpings and mumbles have no meaning and no significance. But it is the squeaky axle that gets the grease. And your compromise candidate is usually the result of these spontaneous orchestration of untrained talent.

The scampering and hurdling in the aisles is a sort of cross-country amateur hour. The winners get four years in Washington vaudeville.



The Bungle Family—By Harry J. Tuthill

Plans



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VOL. 88. No. 262

LODGES WRITING INSURANCE UNIONS TO FIGHT STATE

Special Committee Set After Candidate Refuses to Pledge Not to Reappoint O'Malley.

APPEAL TO GO TO 800,000 PERSONS

Effort to Force Fraternal Benefit Societies to Pay Heavy Taxes Basis Opposition.

By CURTIS A. BETTS, of the Post-Dispatch Staff.
Refusal of Lloyd C. Stark, candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor, to sign a pledge that if elected he would not appoint R. Emmett O'Malley to position of State Superintendent of Insurance has been followed by the organization of a special committee of representatives of fraternal benefit associations to oppose Stark's election.

There are approximately 300 fraternal benefit societies operating in Missouri. A leading fraternal official is authority for statement that there are an additional 500,000 persons who are directly interested, members of fraternal societies but not insured members of labor organizations having benefit funds operated much the same lines as fraternal insurance, and members of mutual insurance companies.

The questions submitted to Stark and rejected by him also were submitted to former Attorney-General Jesse W. Barrett, candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor, and his replies were said to have been acceptable to the fraternal interests.

Meeting at Mayfair Hotel. Stark met with a committee of 15 representatives of fraternal societies at the Mayfair Hotel April 25. He was accompanied by W. L. Ledbetter, his publicity representative, and W. L. Bouchard, his campaign manager.

In addition to several questions covering his attitude toward fraternal insurance, he was asked whether he approved of the suit aggregating about \$15,000,000 back taxes which O'Malley has filed against the societies.

Though O'Malley's name was mentioned to Stark, there was no question that he understood the final question: "If elected, will you refuse to appoint or reappoint as Insurance Superintendent anyone who has shown himself to be antagonistic to fraternal societies or the system of laws relating to such societies now in force in this State?"

Stark told the committee he could not answer the question: "I have not made any pledge in my campaign and will make none in substance. I cannot say whether I shall appoint or refuse to appoint any person to office when I am elected I will handle each matter as they come to me. Friendly to System."

Stark is reported to have told the committee he was friendly to the system of fraternal insurance, but the committee chose to consider the reply evasive, and after he announced the meeting, the committee decided to form an extensive organization reaching into every county and to influence as many persons as possible to vote against Stark.

A general campaign committee consisting of one representative of each of the 62 fraternal benefit societies licensed in Missouri has been formed with Clarence F. Wescoff of St. Louis, a lawyer, as its chairman. This committee is known as the Fraternal Protective League. The organization plan approved by the committee and now in process of completion contemplates a committee in each county to select one representative of each fraternal society in the county. This committee will be supplied with the names of all persons in the county who carry fraternal insurance or who are members of fraternal societies and similar organizations. Each of these persons will be asked by the local committee to obtain pledges from 10 persons that they will vote against Stark.

Might Influence 50,000. The plan is one of the most interesting political developments in the history of politics in the State. It has never before has there been an attempt approaching it in action against a candidate. Those charged with the work of winning the campaign say that it

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.